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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta — Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXXII NO. 28 — BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1944 — Price: 2 Annas

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GAG ORDER ON MRS. NAIDU TO BE CHALLENGED

A. C. Datta's Move In Central Assembly: Wavell Bans 'Honours And Titles' Abolition Motion

NEW DELHI, February 1.

Mr. A. C. Data, Deputy President, Central Assembly, has given notice of an adjournment motion to discuss the Government of India's order served on Mrs. Naidu directing her not to participate in public meetings and processions or communicate with the press anywhere in India. This is the seventh adjournment motion so far tabled for the session beginning next week.

THAT PRE-CENSORSHIP ORDER

An adjournment motion tabled by Sardar Mangal Singh for the Central Assembly seeks to discuss the notices issued to the "Hindustan Times" and the "National Call" asking them not to publish any statement made by or ascribed to Mahatma Gandhi or any other member of any Congress Committee unless it is passed by the Special Press Adviser.

Mr. Kailash Behari Lal has an adjournment motion to discuss "the disappearance of rice from the markets of Patna and Bhagalpur" as a sequel to the partial introduction of rationing.

Titles And Honours

It is learnt that the Governor-General has disallowed Sardar Mangal Singh's resolution regarding the abolition of the practice of conferring honours and titles, both Indian and British, on officials as well as non-officials, which secured the first place in order of the ballot in the second list and was also admitted by the President for discussion in the Central Assembly—A. P.

DEADLOCK POLICY WILL CONTINUE

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, Feb. 1.

Over the signatures of Messrs. Jivanlal Diwan, Manilal Shah, ex-President of the Ahmedabad Municipality, Khandubhai Desai, Hariprasad Mehta and Srimati Lilavati Desai an appeal has been issued to the voters of Ahmedabad District to vote only for the Congress in the District Local Board election to be held on 28th February. The appeal assures the voters that Congress will remain true to its policy accepted in 1942 throughout Gujrat and will not work the administration. The signatories say: "As the Government has decided to hold the election when Gandhiji and Congress leaders are absent, the voters should present their unquenching faith in the Congress by bringing all Congress candidates successfully for another deadlock."

273 Politicals Still In C. P. Jails

(From Our Correspondent)

NAGPUR, Feb. 1.

According to a reliable source, it is reported that there are 273 political prisoners in various jails of the province. In December last about 170 persons were released. It is further stated that the next batch whose cases are under review would be released in March.

In addition to the above figures of political detenus there are 595 persons who were convicted for political offences. Forty-three persons are still undergoing trials.

TEAROSE
UTILITY SHAPE
BATH SOAP

Youngster may go playful as a kitten when it's time for bath, but "Tearose" soap is no Slippery Sam. Its clever shape fits mother's palm snugly and its concave underside makes soaping so easy!

"Tearose" soap is ideal for babies' tender skin. It lathers generously and cleanses thoroughly. Get a cake, to-day.

SOLD EVERYWHERE
BOMBAY SOAP FACTORY
ESTD. 1904
Office & Showroom:—
105, Abdul Rehman Street, BOMBAY.

Kasturba Gets Serious Heart Attack

Mrs. Gandhi had a severe heart attack yesterday. Her condition is very weak says a Bombay Government Communique.—A. P.

TEN YEARS' JAIL FOR LOOTING CASE ACCUSED

GORAKHPUR, Jan. 29.

Stating that the evidence establishing Chandra Singh as one of the chief leaders of the mob who carried a Congress flag, and egged on miscreants and was responsible for quite an unnecessary loss, estimated at about Rs. 4,500 to an unoffending food concern, Mr. B. R. James, Sessions Judge, Gorakhpur, convicted him under Sects. 395 and 435 I. P. C. and sentenced him to ten years and three years' R. I. respectively on both charges. Rampat and Jagai, two other accused were sentenced to three years and one year's R. I. each respectively on both counts, the sentences to run concurrently.

The prosecution alleged that on 19th August 1942, a mob raided a godown on Bihar border looted and removed grains and agricultural implments forcibly and cut telephone wires.—A. P.

Prof. Bhansali Released

NAGPUR, Feb. 1.

Professor Bhansali and two ladies who were taken into custody have been released after detention for twenty-six hours, says a Wardha report—United Press.

Late Mr. R. S. Pandit

NAGPUR, Feb. 1.

The Nagpur Municipal Committee yesterday adopted a resolution mourning the death of Mr. R. S. Pandit.—United Press.

Socialist Ill In Jail

(From Our Correspondent)

NAGPUR, Feb. 1.

Mr. Maganlal Bagdi, a prominent Socialist leader of the province who was arrested at Bombay some months ago, it is reported, is ill in the Nagpur Central Jail. In the course of reply to Mrs. Indravati Bagdi, the Provincial Government has said that Mr. Bagdi could not be released on parole because he is an undertrial prisoner. She could move a bail application in the Court.

Seven Sick Destitutes Die In Hospitals

CALCUTTA, Feb. 1

There were seven deaths of sick destitutes in Calcutta hospitals yesterday.

The total deaths in Calcutta from all causes decreased to 1,151 last week from 1,238 in the preceding week, according to the vital statistics recorded by the Calcutta Corporation.

The number of deaths of 'paupers' also recorded a fall of 24 from the previous week's figure of 272.—A. P.

Adjournment Talked Out In Bengal Assembly

CALCUTTA, Feb. 1.

The Congress Party's adjournment motion to discuss the "distress and panic prevailing in many parts of Bengal due to continued rise in the prices of rice and paddy" was talked out in the Bengal Assembly to-day.—A. P.

Spain To Break With Axis?

South American Diplomat Talks Of Allied Pressure

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.

An Associated Press of America message from Buenos Aires says that Spain will break relations with the Axis this week, according to an important South-American diplomat who said the move will be forced on Spain by the increasing pressure from Britain and the United States including the threat that Britain and the United States will break relations with Spain and blockade her if she does not break with the Axis.—Reuter.

WILL SPAIN BREAK WITH AXIS?

LONDON, Feb. 1

From Reuter's diplomatic correspondent:—

South American reports that Spain is about to break with the Axis gain no credence in London.

There is no evidence available here pointing to any readiness on the part of the Spanish Government to take such a step in the near future.

The origin of these reports is obscure.—Reuter.

OPPOSITION TO MERGER SCHEME

Small States Decide On Propaganda Drive

RAJKOT, Feb. 1.

A decision to form a publicity board for propagating views opposing the small States merger scheme has been reached by the Third and Fourth Class Rulers who met here last week end. The Board consists, among others, of the Thakore Saheb of Kotda-Sangani and Virpur, the Karbharis of Manavadar, Latthi and Mr. Harkant Shukla of Kotda-Sangani.

Limbda And Bhavnagar

The Judicial Commissioner of Rajkot has admitted an application made by the Talukdar of Limbda attached to the Bhavnagar State requesting the Commissioner to order the representative of the Ruler of Bhavnagar not to exercise his rights and interfere with the affairs of Limbda on the ground that the attachment scheme had been declared null and void by a court of justice.

It is stated that the Talukdar had earlier applied to the Deputy Political Agent and as there was no response he has now placed the papers before the Commissioner seeking redress.

Tension Story Not True

The 'United Press' has been officially informed that there is no truth in the reports contained in a pamphlet issued by two advocates of Rajkot about tension in some of the areas attached to the State under the merger scheme. The report that the Political Department have refused to give attached areas necessary civil supplies and that the educational and other facilities have deteriorated in those areas, is, it is officially stated, without foundation.—United Press.

RIOTING IN MOROCCAN CITY

Disturbances Are Said To Have Been Caused By Breach Of Promises By French

LONDON, Feb. 1.

After several days of tension and minor clashes between French and Arab elements the Moroccan city of Marrakesh is becoming quiet, reports the "News Chronicle" special correspondent to-day.

He adds. "The city has been a scene of strained differences between the French and the native population.

The present issue is a difference over political rights claimed by natives under a 32-year old treaty.

An impetus to the native demands was apparently given by General de Gaulle in recent speeches promising increased enfranchisement for the Arabs.

Arab leaders contend that the spirit of General de Gaulle's promises has not been maintained in their execution. Rioting broke out in Medina—the old native quarter of Marrakesh—and a number of French and Arabs were beaten up"—Reuter.

WITH ARTISTES IN VIKRAM SHOW

The final session of All-India Music Congress organised by the Vikram Celebrations Committee met for concerts on Tuesday at 7-30 p.m. It looked like a non-stop sitting, and it is expected that the session will conclude by 8 a.m. on Wednesday. Their Highnesses the Maharaja and Maharanee of Kashmir, Dr. M. R. Jayakar and many 'ustads' of note were present. The hall was fully packed and there was a big rush at the counter for tickets.

In the evening, Mr. Avinash Vyas read a paper on the fundamentals of film music. Prof. Deodhar, presiding. The speaker put in a number of posers to authorities of classical music regarding 'Tal' control and timing of 'Raga' recitals. The paper aroused animated discussion in which many participated. Prof. Deodhar met many of the issues raised. Then Prof. P. A. Sundara Iyer completed his paper on 'Hindustani and Karnataki systems of music.'

THE RECITALS

The programme of recitals started with Nathan Khan who rendered 'Jait Shri' to the accompaniment of Shamsuddin (Tabla). Then Rahimuddin Khan of Indore gave an 'alap' of 'Kedara' in Dhrupad style. He followed it up with 'Shuddha Kanada.' Bismillah and party gave a recital of 'Purvi' on Senai.

At this stage, the Maharaja of Kashmir and Dr. Jayakar entered. The artistes followed it up by a 'Hori' which was repeatedly applauded. After the programmes of Mallikarjun Mansoor (Vocal), Tirakwa (Tabla), Krishna Fulambrikar (Vocal), Bai Kesarbai (Vocal), Vilayat Khan (Sitar), Gulam Ali Khan (Vocal), Mushtaq Hussein Khan (Vocal), Pannalal Ghosh (Flute), Fyaz Khan (Vocal), Hafiz Ali Khan (Sarod) and Pt. Omkarnath Thakur (Vocal) are yet to be gone through, Khan Saheb Alladia Khan, will conclude the session with his recital.

K. A. C.

Musical Art Society's Reception To Artistes

It is understood that the Managing Committee of the Musical Art Society have arranged a "Musical Social" consisting of three sittings on Saturday and Sunday, in which about a dozen artistes who recently attended the All-India Music Congress will take part. Among the Artistes engaged are: Prof. Mustaq Hussain of Rampur State, Ustad Bade Gulam Ali Khan of Lahore, Sangeet Ratnakar Rahimuddinkhan of Indore, Prof. Hafizalikhan of Gwalior (Sarod Nevaz), Prof. Allauddinkhan of Mahiar State (Sarod), Prof. Ahmadjan Thirakwa of Rampur State (Tabla Nevaz), Prof. Anath Nath Bose (Dual Voice), Calcutta, Siddheshwaribai of Benares, Prof. Vilayatkhan of Delhi (Sitar Nevaz), and Prof. Parbhat Singh (Pakhwaj Nevaz) of Gwalior State.

New Capital Of Germany

From Our Correspondent

BERNE, February 1.

Breslau is expected to be the new capital of Germany replacing Berlin.

(Breslau is the capital of German Silesia, 150 miles S.E. of Frankfurt-on-the Oder by rail. It is situated at the confluence of the Ohle and Oder. Breslau is a city of Slavonic origin and was for many centuries occupied alternately by the Poles and Bohemians. The town is of great military importance.)

KINGISEPP CAPTURED

Last Big Russian Town Before Estonian Border

MOSCOW, Feb. 1

The Russians have captured Kingisepp, the last big Russian town before the Estonian border, said an Order of the Day from Marshal Stalin.

The Order of the Day, which was addressed to the Army General Govorov and was broadcast to-night said: "Troops of the Leningrad Front, developing their successful offensive, forced the river Luga and to-day, February 1st, as a result of skilful outflanking manoeuvre, captured the town and railway station of Kingisepp, an important centre of German resistance in the Narwa direction.

BONUS FOR MICA AND COAL MINERS

Govt. Of India To Modify Excess Profits Tax For Increased Output

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, Feb. 1.

As anticipated by me last month Government of India have exempted from Excess Profits Tax "any business which includes mining of any mineral, any bonus paid by or through Central Government in respect of increased output of mineral".

The exemption would primarily apply to coal and mica industries.

Government have decided to give bonus to any mica or coal producers, whose raisings exceed certain specified production fixed the average of last three years. The entire sum given in the shape of bonus to the mica industry be met by U. S. A. and U. K. Governments, while those on additional coal raisings by Government of India.

It is pointed out that exemption is only in respect of E.P.T. and not Income-tax and Government are confident of making up not only the loss but of earning nearly 20 lakhs as far as the mica industry is concerned.

As far as the coal industry is concerned, I learn that the Government of India is likely to set up a separate Tripartite Labour Conference for that industry alone

Security Of Minority Community Lies In Joint Electorate

"To invite a minority community to choose between separate and joint electorates is to invite it to make a gamble. Personally, I am prepared to make the gamble. Firstly even if joint electorates do not work out well at first, there is no reason why they should not do so later and one should not accept that the present situation is going to exist for all time." Thus observed Mr. M. R. A. Baig, presiding over a meeting at the Sir Jivanji J. Modi Hall on Tuesday.

"I believe," Mr. Baig continued, "that separate electorate is more a weapon for the strong than for the weak. From the minority point of view, separate electorates perpetuate a communal majority and I can think of nothing worse than being condemned for ever to being a perpetual minority.

Only through joint electorates can we work at making the majority less communal and in making the majority less communal lies the salvation of the minorities. Therefore, I would say that the more communal the majority the more national should be the minorities, for in nationalism, and not in perpetuating communalism, lies their salvation."

Mr. Adi K. Munshi who spoke at the meeting countered the arguments advanced as a justification for the demand of separate electorate for the Parsis. He pointed out that there was no basis for their fear of the Congress which had not done anything to injure Parsi interests.

"If you think that the Congress has done injustice to Mr. K. F. Nariman, a Parsi leader in the Congress, Parsis themselves have done more harm to the late Sir Pherozeshah Mehta."

He declared: "There is no necessity for the Parsis to claim separate electorate. If they do so they not only stand to lose what they are likely to achieve, but they will be completely wiped out of the political arena."

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LATEST COMMERCIAL

Cotton (March)

New York, Feb. 1.

Previous Closing	20.19
To-day's Opening	20.26
Difference	+07
To-day's Closing	20.27
Difference	+08

CO-OPERATION IN COMMONWEALTH

Halifax's Statement Does Not Represent Govt. Policy, Says Churchill

WESTMINSTER, Feb. 1

Mr. Churchill told the House of Commons to-day, that Lord Halifax's speech about co-operation in the British Commonwealth was "a valuable contribution to a study of the subject," but not a pronouncement on behalf of the British Government.

Mr Edgar Granville (Independent Member) had asked if the Prime Minister was satisfied that the present method of consultation between Dominion leaders was adequate for day-to-day co-operation on the Commonwealth policy and if the recent speech by Lord Halifax represented the Government's policy.

Mr. Churchill replied: "The proper occasion for the consideration of such issues is a meeting at an early date. Lord Halifax in his recent speech about co-operation in the British Commonwealth at Toronto was not making any pronouncement on behalf of the Government. His speech, like those of other disitnguished figures on this subject, was a valuable contribution to a study of the subject."—Reuter.

AGAINST CONSOLIDATION OF EMPIRE NATIONS

Canada Favours Collaboration Among Peace-Loving Nations

OTTAWA, Jan. 31.

The Canadian Prime Minister, Mr. MacKenzie King, told the Canadian Commons to-day that he favoured neither the proposal of General Smuts nor of Lord Halifax for the British Empire to form a solid group of nations.

He favoured collaboration with all nations seeking peace, he said.

Mr. MacKenzie King said the Canadian looked for "close colaboration" not only inside the British Commonwealth but amongst all nations great and small. He said he could not attempt to interpret Lord Halifax's views as expressed in his Toronto speech a week ago.

"I may say I think he was speaking only for himself. I have been informed he was not making any pronouncement on behalf of the British Government.—Reuter.

British Empire Relations Conference

LONDON, Feb. 1.

An unofficial conference of "British Empire relations" is planned to be held at Chatham House in London in July to consider practical post-war Empire problems. Delegates are being elected by institutes of International Affairs in Britain, India, Australia, New Zealand, South Africa and New Foundland.

The previous similar conference was held in 1938 in New South Wales.

THREAT TO NAZIS AT CASSINO

Fifth Army Continues Its Drive Forward In Italy

LONDON, Feb. 1

Latest reports show that the German position at Cassino is growing more perilous as the American wing of the Fifth Army continues its drive forward. American infantry and tanks are now less than two miles above the town and are drawing closer to the Rome Road, says Reuter's Special Correspondent at Allied Headquarters in North Africa.

The Correspondent says:—

Allied forces in the Nettuno bridgehead have reached the outskirts of Campo Leone and Cisterna. Canadians have advanced in the Adriatic sector in the face of very stiff opposition. It has been established that the Germans are now bringing down troops from the north of Rome to bolster the screen they have set up round the bridgehead position. This is in addition to those they have drawn up from the main Fifth Army front.

American troops are engaged in fierce fighting half a mile south-west of the bridgehead town of Cisterna. The Germans are well dug in before the town to meet the American attack.

British forces, driving up the Albano Road, have crossed the Rome-Capua railway line to reach the outskirts of Campo Leone, one mile beyond the railway.

British cruisers and destroyers continue to give valuable support to land forces in the Anzio bridgehead by bombarding German positions close to the frontline around Formia and on both flanks of the landing area.

Yesterday permitted a further rapid unloading of troops and supplies.

Alert In Zagreb

The Budapest radio reports that the capital of Croatia, Zagreb, had a 65 minute air-raid alert yesterday morning and the drone of the aircraft engines could be heard over the city.—Reuter.

5000 Tons Bombs Dropped On Berlin

LONDON, Feb. 1: The tonnage of bombs dropped on Berlin in the last three R. A. F. attacks is well over 5,000 tons, it is officially stated.

American heavy bombers dropped over 3,900 tons of bombs on Germany and German-held airfields in northern Italy during the 48 hour period ending on Sunday, it is officially stated. During two days' operations, 255 German aircraft were destroyed and the Americans lost 54 bombers and 21 fighters.—Reuter.

STOP PRESS

CHURCHILL LUNCHES WITH KING

LONDON, Feb. 1: The Prime Minister Mr. Winston Churchill was received in audience by the King at Buckingham Palace to-day and remained to lunch with His Majesty.—Reuter.

CHINESE PENETRATE HUNDRED MILES INTO BURMA

Stilwell On Building Of Ledo Road: Two Villages Captured: Rajputs And Punjabis To The Fore

NEW DELHI, Feb. 1.

American trained Chinese forces in the Hukawng valley who are covering the construction of the Ledo road have penetrated something like 100 miles into Burma, Gen. Stilwell indicated at a Press Conference.

He said: "The Chinese in the Hukawng Valley ran into a Japanese regiment and after milling around a while, the Chinese got started and began to move in the right direction, and that movement is still continuing. We took Taro yesterday, which is west of a hill mass in the valley and we are within a mile and a half of Taiphaga on the Tanai River on the other side. That is the objective that we set for ourselves sometime back as one step in the process."

Asked about Japanese casualties, he referred to an action in which 300 Japanese dead were counted, another in which 200 and a third in which 100 were seen. Besides these, there were some 20 other smaller sections in which quite a few Japs were chopped up; and a number of the dead must have been removed.

"We have got two Japanese prisoners."

Question: Was it possible to get any information from them which was valuable?

General Stilwell: Not a great deal.

Question: Any indications of what the Japanese morale is in that area?

Gen. Stilwell: The indication is we have to kill them to get them out of their holes. They are tough. Good soldiers.

Speaking about the work of the Chinese in connection with the Ledo Road, Gen. Stilwell mentioned that one of the best engineer units on that road was Chinese.

About the road itself, he said it was designed to reopen communication with China.

Gen. Stilwell declined to comment on the claim that more supplies were being flown to China now than were hauled over the Burma Road.

CHINESE TAKE TWO VILLAGES

Bad weather hampered air operations over most of the northern and south Burma fronts on January 31, says a 'communique' issued from Headquarters South-East Asia Command.

Heavy bombers of the Strategic Air Force, Eastern Air Command, attacked the enemy airfield at Mingaladon near Rangoon on the night of January 31, February 1.

In the Hukawng Valley on January 29, Chinese forces were still in contact with the Japanese in the Taiphaga area just north of that village and continued clearing the enemy from the vicinity of the junction of the Tarung and Tanai Rivers.

On January 30, in the Dal Valley, Chinese forces after a five mile advance in two days captured Taro and Kokumga, two miles east of Karo.

In the Tiddim area on January 30, enemy troops attempting to construct a new bunker position on the road Tiddim-Fort White and about two miles south-east of Fort White were again dispersed by our artillery fire.

During the night of January 30/31, a Japanese patrol made contact with our forces, who inflicted some losses on them. Our casualties were slight.

It is now estimated that during recent enemy attacks in the Mualbem area, 11 miles south of Tiddim, the Japanese have lost not less than 148 killed and wounded.

RAJPUTS AND PUNJABIS MAKE HEADWAY

Troops of a Rajput Battalion made progress two days ago in the Razabil area four miles west of Maungdaw, wrote an Indian army observer on Monday.

In the sector east of the Kalapanzin river there has also been sharp fighting. There the Japanese have withdrawn from a strongpoint in the face of an attack by Punjabis.

KARACHI, Feb. 1—The ring of the Karachi Cotton Association presented a lively scene on Tuesday when the market reopened after having remained closed for nearly nine months.

MILLION DIE IN KWANGTUNG FAMINE

(From Our Correspondent)

CHUNGKING, Feb. 1

G. E Adams, Secretary, American Relief Committee, South-East China, reports that a million Chinese died from famine and Cholera in Kwangtung. Eighty per cent of some villages have been wiped out and the entire social and economic structure of the people has crumbled down.

'QUAKE DESTROYS TURKISH TOWN

ANKARA, Feb. 1: The Turkish town of Gerede with 25,000 inhabitants has been destroyed by an earthquake which lasted fifty seconds. Tremors were felt throughout Turkey. No details are available yet, except that many people were killed and injured at Gerede. Communications between the Kandili Observatory and Istanbul have been cut.

Gerede is in northern Turkey about 780 miles west of Istanbul and some 60 miles from the Black Sea.

TOLL OF 'QUAKES IN PAST THREE YEARS

Reuter adds that Turkey has been stricken by a succession of earthquakes in the past two or three years. The latest before the one reported today occurred in north-eastern and northern Turkey over a period between the end of November and early in December last year.

It was estimated that in these shocks 50,000 people were rendered homeless and 4,016 killed, while another 4,471 were injured.

Terrific Earthquake In Black Sea Area

BIRMINGHAM, Feb. 1: An earthquake shock described as "of devastating intensity" was recorded by the Seismologist, Mr. J. J. Shaw at West Bromwich at 0.328 G.M.T. on Tuesday. The centre of the disturbance, he said, was 1,715 miles away apparently in the bed of the Atlantic Ocean, north of the Azores or possibly in the vicinity of the Black Sea. Waves were still being recorded on the instrument nearly three hours after the first shock.—Reuter.

Egypt To Be World's Great Aviation Centre

CAIRO, Feb. 1: Plans to make Egypt one of the greatest aviation centres of the world were disclosed on Friday by the Finance Minister, Sir Amin Osman Pasha in presenting 70 million Egyptian pounds budget which was approved by the Parliament.—Reuter.

TEACHER GIVES UP 'FAST UNTO DEATH'

FYZABAD, Jan. 31: On receiving an assurance from the authorities that his demands for dearness allowance for teachers would be sympathetically considered, Mr. Asharfilal, a teacher, who started a fast unto death last week broke his fast on January 29.—A. P

Standard Cloth Prices Reduced

BOMBAY, Feb. 1.

As from to-day, Standard Cloth in Bombay Province will be sold at reduced rates The reduction varied from 11 to 12 per cent. on the previous prices.

Among the articles that come under the new prices are grey shirtings, dhoties and sarees.

The Bombay Governments Order dated September 9, 1943, regarding the wholesale price of potatoes in Ahmednagar and Satara Districts is to be cancelled on February 1 1944.

CUT OUT R AND KEEP

FIXED PRICES OF WOOLLEN GOODS

The prices of woollen goods have been fixed as follows under the Hoarding and Profiteering Prevention Ordinance. If a dealer charges more, report his name to the Controller of Prices Secretariat, Bombay. Refusal to sell while holding stocks and refusal to give cash memo are offences under the Ordinance.

HELP TO MAKE THE ORDINANCE A SUCCESS BY REFUSING TO PAY HIGHER PRICES AND BY INFORMING THE NAME OF THE OFFENDING DEALER.

(The Rates are Per Yard).

Worsted suiting plain.	Rs. 20/-	Barathis.	Rs. 32/-
Worsted suiting striped.	Rs. 20/4	Serge Quality No. 1.	Rs. 18/-
All wool Blazor.	Rs. 14/-	Harringbon serge.	Rs. 18/-
Union Blazor & Mix Chestor Quality No. 1.	Rs. 8/-	Suiting Quality No. 1.	Rs. 39/-
		Suiting Quality No. 2.	Rs. 32/-
Union Blazor & Mix Chestor Quality No 2.	Rs. 6/-	Suiting Quality No. 3.	Rs. 26/-
		Suiting Ct. Mixed.	Rs. 16/-
Chestor All Wool.	Rs. 22/-	Vicuna & Venatian.	Rs. 19/-
Valor.	Rs. 16/-	Viyella Flannel all kinds.	Rs. 5/-
Overcoating.	Rs. 35/-	Clydella.	Rs. 4/8
Tweed	Rs. 17/-	Marino, 106-40.	Rs. 2/8
Grey Flannel, A. W.	Rs. 12/-	Marino, 50, 1200, 1600, 1300.	Rs. 2/7
Grey Flannel, mixed.	Rs. 8/-	Marino, 55.	Rs. 2/6
Overcoating.	Rs. 20/-	Marino coloured & printed.	Rs. 2/12
Union Gabardine.	Rs. 19/-	Gabardine and Serge coloured stripes in white.	Rs. 3/4
All wool Gabardine.	Rs. 22/8		
Panama.	Rs. 18/8	Tropical Japan Striped.	Rs. 6/12
Panama mixed.	Rs. 16/-	Italian Milton.	Rs. 5/8
Tropical.	Rs. 19/-		
Flannel OX 27"	Rs. 5/-		
Flannel OX 27"	Rs. 10/-		
Flannel OX 27" Double width	Rs. 10/-		

PLASTICS

For Electrical Goods

With the use of plastic products in many industries and their growing importance in preparing articles of common utility, the manufacture of plastics in India is a definite contribution to India's industrial progress.

The switches, plugs, ceiling roses and lampholders made by J. K. from plastic materials are 10% to 15% more durable and cost 15% to 20% less.

Meanwhile, new and important uses for plastics in industry are being explored and experimented upon and will shortly be put on the market.

PLASTIC PRODUCTS LTD.
CAWNPORE
A J.K. INDUSTRY

Economic Benefits Of Adequate System Of Rural Roads

Roads Development Association's Survey Yields Valuable Data

An evaluation of the economic benefits conferred by an adequate system of rural roads and their relation to the cost of constructing and maintaining the roads required was the main object of the two "Pilot" road surveys conducted at the request of the Government of India by the Council of the Indian Roads and Transport Development Association, Bombay, whose report on the surveys has just been issued.

WET AND DRY AREAS SELECTED

Two areas in Bombay Presidency with different characteristics, one wet and one dry, were chosen for the survey. A representative wet or rice growing area (Scheme A) was selected in District Kolaba between Kalyan and the Ghats embracing the talukas of Panvel and Karjat and a dry area in District Satara (Scheme B) was selected, namely, the taluka of Khatav, the Eastern side of which could practically be classed as a famine area.

The investigations have shown that by result of the facilities afforded by more and improved roads, not only would more lands be put under cultivation and fairer prices ensured to the agriculturist, but far reaching changes could be expected in the type of agriculture.

FINANCIAL BENEFITS

The report shows that the financial benefits to the community through road development in the areas concerned will amount to roughly Rs. 11.97 lakhs per year whereas the roads required, including satisfactory maintenance for 20 years, will cost no more than Rs. 4.32 lakhs annually, assuming that a loan is raised for the initial cost, redeemable with 3 1/2 per cent interest in 20 years. Thus for every 100 rupees spent on roads the return through increased earnings to the community amounts to 277 rupees, apart from the inevitable rise in the revenues to Government through the increased use of road transport the taxation of which even at present yields a revenue of approximately double the total road expenditure in the country.

ADVANTAGES AFTER WAR

In addition, a road construction scheme drawn up at present will, when the war is over, (a) Offer means of employment to the returning soldiers, and possibly open up new areas for economic land settlement by demobilised soldiers, (b) Offer work for the surplus road making machinery and trade personnel, and (c) Bring into being the roads without which effective use cannot be made of the thousands of war transport vehicles which will become available on the cessation of hostilities. In the absence of roads, the probable loss due to (1) the deterioration of these vehicles and (2) the maintenance of their drivers in military service, may amount to several crores of rupees, which amount can be turned to the country's everlasting benefit if used for road construction.

The Director of Agriculture, Bombay Presidency, who has co-operated with the Association in assessing the survey, points out 'inter alia' that roads would assist protective work against soil erosion and also make available lands suitable for the resettlement of returned soldiers or enable larger number of settlers being profitably settled in areas now inadequately developed from the agricultural standpoint.

The report in conclusion urges immediate attention to the preparation of plans for post-war development through the formation of a Central Road Board and suggests that every village of 300 inhabitants and over should have a road within one mile of the village.

"INDIA IS ONE AND INDIVISIBLE"

Sri F. G. Natesa Aiyar's Stirring Appeal To South Indians

"The unity of Indians and the integrity of India must be maintained at any cost and the invidious mischief to visisect the motherland by demented communalists will be resisted by the united front of the Indian nationalists" said Sri F. G. Natesa Aiyar, the well-known Shakespeare actor and Congressman of South India, addressing a large and distinguished gathering at the South Indian Association on Wednesday on the occasion of a Special Programme of Bharati songs rendered by the Bharati Songs Squad of the Association.

Brokers' Protest Against Stamp Surcharge

The Native Share and Stock Brokers' Association, Bombay, has addressed to the Joint Secretary to the Government of Bombay, Finance Department, Bombay, a letter in connection with the Bombay Increase of Stamp Duties Act, 1943, whereby a surcharge of 50 per cent has been imposed as from the 1st January, 1944, in the course of which it is stated:

"The Governing Board also cannot but help expressing its regret at the abrupt and sudden announcement of the imposition of the stamp surcharge as it marks a departure from the normal practice of giving some time to the commercial community to express its views and opinions on any change proposed to be introduced by Government.

"It cannot be gainsaid that the imposition of this fresh surcharge, and that by no less an amount than fifty per cent, raises a scale of duty that is already very high to higher levels still.

"It is necessary to remind Government of the great disparity that exists between the stamp duty charged in the Bombay Province and that charged elsewhere. In Bombay, the duty has been stepped up thrice, once in 1932, then in 1938, each time by doubling the stamp duty on contract notes, and now again by imposing a surcharge varying from 50 to 100 per cent, whereas in provinces like Bengal and Madras, it continues to remain more or less at the old low levels.

"There is a striking inconsistency between the lip encouragement being given by Government to the establishment of new industries and the discouraging stamp duties and surcharge, now brought into force. The latter by rendering the exchange of securities burdensome cannot but deter investors from circulating their savings among different industries."

Anjuman-i-Islam Women's Industrial Class

The Anjuman-i-Islam has established a Women's Industrial Class in the Saboo Sidick Bagh at Bellasis Road. The class is primarily intended to give employment to needy women by teaching them sewing, cutting and embroidery and selling their handiwork. The class will work daily from 3-30 p.m. to 6 p.m. Women who already know sewing, cutting and embroidery as well as those who desire to learn are admitted to the class.

Applications are, therefore, invited for admission to the class. Women who know or attain a fair proficiency will be paid 50 per cent of the charge made to customers in respect of every work done by them. Thus if a customer is charged Rs. 5 for making any article, Rs 2/8 will be paid to the worker and Rs. 2/8 will be received by the Class to recover the cost of administration. It is estimated that on this basis a worker of average ability working two hours a day for 5 days per week will earn Rs. 15 to Rs. 20 per month.

Teaching to needy women will be free.

Others who are not needy and who desire to learn will also be admitted at the charge of Rs. 7 per month.

It is hoped that the public will support this class by giving to the class tailoring work which they would otherwise have given to tailors.

The rates charged will be available on enquiry from the Superintendent of the class between 3-30 p.m. to 6 p.m. and also from the Headmistress, Anjuman-i-Islam Girls High School at other times of the day.

No work will be undertaken for customers before March 1944.

The "Leader"

JUBBULPORE, Jan. 27.—Apropos of the report appearing in a certain section of the Press to the effect that the Newspapers Limited of Allahabad which runs the 'Leader' and the 'Bharat' are going to change hands, enquiries made reveal that "there is absolutely no truth in the reports going about that Seth Ram Krishna Dalmia has or is going to acquire controlling interest in the Newspapers Limited; nor is there any truth in the report that Mr. Arthur Moore or Mr. K. Rama Rao is to be appointed as the Chief Editor of the 'Leader.'—"Hitavada".

8TH VOLUME OF POONA RESIDENCY RECORDS

The eighth volume of the Poona Residency English Records series, entitled "Daulat Rao Sindhia and North Indian Affairs, 1794-1799" and edited by Sir Jadunath Sarkar, has been published by the Bombay Government Press.

YOUNG SCIENTISTS OF AZERBAIJAN

("Chroncile" Special)
(By ASKAR ZADE)

MOSCOW, Jan. 29

Wartime requirements and necessity in using local resources to make up for the temporary loss of contacts with various enterprises have greatly encouraged inventions and scientific discovery in Azerbaijan. These conditions have brought to the fore a galaxy of young scientists who have made their mark in scientific research. Twenty of them hold posts as directors and assistant directors in Scientific Institute's, Superintendent's sections and departments in the Azerbaijan Branch of the Academy of Sciences in the U.S.S.R.

Prof. Mirali Kashkai, aged 35, had become a mineralogist 5 years ago. As post-graduate student he took part in the expedition in the Urals, Siberia, North Caucasus and Trans-Caucasus. He is the author of 46 scientific works.

Prof. Kashkai's latest achievement in wartime has been a book devoted to mineral wealth in Azerbaijan. He is the originator of ore prospecting in the vicinity of his native city of Kirovonrad. To-day these ores are being used in industry in Azerbaijan. Kashkai made a study of mineral waters in "Istisu", one of the biggest springs in Azerbaijan. These waters are now being exploited. A man of unusual energy, Prof. Kashkai is taking active part in public affairs, gives lectures and acts as consultant in a number of enterprises.

Prof Shamkhal Mamedov is only 34. He is the son of a peasant. His insatiable thirst for knowledge gained him a college education. His speciality is chemistry and not long before the war he defended his master's thesis. To-day he holds the degree of Doctor of Science (Chemistry). Mamedov has discovered convenient methods for synthesis of special substance mined in Azerbaijan and used for production of plastics, swells and several types of munitions. To-day Mamedov heads the Chemistry Institute which has rendered important services to the country in wartime.

Special mention must be made of two of Prof. Mamedov's pupils, both young Azerbaijanian women, who won their Master's Degree in Chemistry, only a few months ago.

Kheiradsa Alieva is 31. She comes from the family of a village school teacher and displayed extraordinary talents from childhood. As her teacher Mamedov predicted, she will enrich science some day. The other is Karanfil Agamirova (29) whose field is essential oils. Her friends say in jest that Agamirova chose this particular subject because her name Karanfil means carnation. Alieva Agamirova and other young scientific workers have discovered new dyes obtained from oil waste have proved that Azerbaijan Pyrites may be successfully used as substitute to imported varieties and have accomplished other important work.

Like workers and peasants of Soviet Azerbaijan, these scientists have made their contribution to the war effort.

Soldiers Arrested For Alleged Quarrel With Police

NEW DELHI Feb. 1.

Six Indian soldiers were arrested near the Jamna Bridge under Secs. 147, 332 and 353 of the Indian Penal Code for picking up a quarrel and causing injury to a police constable who was on duty on the occasion of a great 'Yagna' that was being celebrated on the Bank of Jamna.

The arrested persons were produced to-day before a First Class Magistrate who remanded them to judicial custody.—United Press.

IF YOU MUST WORSHIP WORSHIP ME!

"....I am a demigod, sprung from the loins of divinity.
YOU are an inferior being and your only purpose is to obey my will and serve my end unquestioningly ....."

So speaks the average Japanese. And he does not only speak it. He really believes it. Consider what this means. In his own view an ordinary Japanese soldier is, by divine right, the superior of the finest man in India. He is superior to men like Tagore, Iqbal, or C. V. Raman. Any Japanese soldier, trader, tailor, bootmaker or farmer really believes he is a superior being!

How can you deal with a nation like that? They are, by our standards, irresponsible and unbalanced. But if they are to be pitied for the madness that seems to be in them, remember they are also fanatics. They are dangerous!

MAKE NO MISTAKE

The Japanese are no ordinary enemy. They are dishonest, brutal, lustful, treacherous. They do not honour international treaties; they maltreat prisoners of war—which even Germany does not do. There is only one way to deal with them. We must beat them, on land, at sea and in the air. We must destroy their forces utterly. We must reduce them to impotence. Unconditional surrender! Nothing less will secure India against these barbarians permanently.

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"Where DOES he get all his energy?"

How proud mothers are when other mothers admire their children! And how wise they are when they take care to *keep* their children full of energy. For a child who hasn't enough energy soon over-taxes his strength, undermines his health.

The important thing is to give your children food that will always fully replace used energy—nourishing food that has vitamins in it. And this is where vitaminised Dalda is such a help. The extra nourishment and vitamin that Dalda adds to food makes all the difference to energy and to health. Have all the family meals prepared with Dalda—every member of the family wants energy.

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Starring: JAYASHREE, CHANDRAMOHAN.
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Daily: 4, 7, 10 p.m.
Fri., Sat., Sun. 1-15 p.m.
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SWASTIK (OLD PATHE)

MUSIC CONGRESS
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A SINGLE ARTIST

The like of which you have never Witnessed before!

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FEAST of SONGS
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M. P. PRODUCTIONS'
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Watch for DATE and THEATRE

DEVIKA RANI

in

HAMARI BAAT

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15TH WEEK
IMPERIAL
Daily 4, 7, 10 P. M.

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has its
REWARDS!
Apparent failures are stepping stones to success!
SILVER FILMS
Bhalai
SITARA, PRITHVIRAJ, KUMAR
Director: NAZIR
Music: PANNALAL GHOSH
Now on at
T A J GRANT ROAD, CORNER
Sat., Sun. Matinee at 1-45 p.m.
Daily at 4-30, 7-15, 10 p. m.
Reservation: 10 to 12 & 4 to 6
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ENSA WEEK
at the
EXCELSIOR
February 4-7, inclusive
NAAFI Presents
The ENSA (I) PRODUCTION
of
RAM GOPAL
(First great Indian Artist to appear solely for ENSA)
AND HIS FAMOUS TROUPE OF DANCERS
Whether you are Indian or British, you MUST NOT miss this chance of seeing Indian dancing at its loveliest.
TWO SHOWS EVERY EVENING
FORCES SHOWS:
6-30 p.m. on Feb. 4, 6 & 7
Tickets by Free allocation from Unit H.Q.s.
PUBLIC SHOWS:
9-30, p.m. on Feb. 4, 5, 6 & 7
also at 6-30 p.m. on Feb. 5.
Admission: Rs. 10|-, Rs. 6|8|-, Rs. 2|8|-, Rs. 1|4|-.
(Including entertainment tax).
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February 8-10, inclusive.
NAAFI Presents
The ENSA Production
of
Noel Coward's
"PRIVATE LIVES"
a three-act Comedy
with
Philip Ashley, Doreen Lawrence, Joanna Duncan, Pamela Roberts, Richard Caldicot.
Two shows every evening.
6-30—Services in uniform only.
(One guest each permitted)
Admission Re. 1|-, As. 8|-, As. 4|- (including entertainment tax.)
9-30—Public Shows:
Admission: Rs. 10|-, Rs. 6|8|-, Rs. 2|8|-, Rs. 1|4|-.
(including entertainment tax).
All seats for both shows bookable at the
EXCELSIOR Theatre

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GREAT .....
STRONG.....
PEOPLE
FAIL .....
A WOMAN
Dares and Succeeds!
A Tale of Supreme Sacrifice
HIND PICTURES
SALMA
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SITARA, ISHWARLAL
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Director: NAZIR
NOW DRAWING
C-R-O-W-D-S to
NOVELTY
Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p.m.
Booking: 10-30 to 12 & 5 to 6 p. m.

ONE FOOT IN GRAVE!
2ND HOUSE-FULL WEEK

—And yet that clithering old dotard wanted to marry a sweet sixteen!!!
Producer-Director: KARDAR'S
Progressive Social with Family Appeal!
Starring:— MEHTAB, ULLHAS, NIRMALA, Shahu Modak, A. Shah, Badri Prasad & JAGIRDAR
KANOON
Songs-Dialogues: MADHOK
Music: NAUSHAD
MINERVA
Advance Booking: 10 a.m. to 12 3 p.m. to 6 p.m.
Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p.m Sat., Sun. Mat. at 1 p.m.
(A C. F. E. Release)

A SONG CHANGED HER WHOLE LIFE!
NAVYUG'S TALE OF A REVOLUTIONARY SONG
NAYA TARANA
Starring: SNEHPRABHA JAIRAJ, DAVID
Direction: NAQVI
Story ABBAS
NEXT SATURDAY AT
CENTRAL
Advance Booking from To-day 10 to 12 & 3 to 6 P.M.

6th
BIG WEEK
JAYANT DESAI Productions'
BHAKTARAJ
PAGNIS, VASANTI, MUBARAK, DIXIT
Director: JAYANT DESAI
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Daily: 4-30, 7-15 & 10 p.m.

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From FRIDAY,
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"TRUE TO LIFE"
Mary Martin, Dick Powell
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DIGNITY of My Profession
NO NONSENSE
Thank You....
says the MAN of the STAGE
MEHBOOB Productions
TAQDEER
MOTILAL, Chandramohan
CHARLIE, NARGIS
ROXY
Daily at 3-30; 6-30 & 9-30 p. m.
Reservation: 9-30 to 12 & 3-30 to 6 p. m.

27TH WEEK
RANJIT'S
TANSEN
Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE
AJIT Release

CITY AND SUBURBS

TO-DAY

Hindu: Magh Shud 9, 2000.
Muslim: Safar 6, 1363
Parse: Shehrever 1, 1313.
Hightide: 5-45, 19-8. Lowtide:—12-25.
STANDING COMMITTEE: 2.30 p.m (B. T.).

To-day's Engagements

PROGRESSIVE GROUP: Debate on the proposition "It is the opinion of the house that Birth Control is a boon for the City" at the Taj, at 6-30 p.m. The following will speak for and against the proposition: For: Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, Mr. A. P. Sabavala and Mr. Rashid Baig. Against: Prof. Correa Afonso, Mr. Motichand Kapadia and Mr. Akhtar Hassan.

ROYAL INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE: Institute's annual social gathering at "The Sir Cowasjee Jehangir Hall", at 4 p.m. Mr. S. A. Brelvi will preside.

SIR DORABJI TATA GRADUATE SCHOOL OF SOCIAL WORK: Public lecture by Mr Jamnadas Mehta on "Our Labour Organizations" at the Nagpada Neighbourhood House, at 6-30 p.m. Mr. G. B. Constantine, Labour Commissioner will preside.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: Question and answer meeting at Jehangir Wadia Building, Opp Flora Fountain, at 6-15 p.m.

DASTUR BODE'S LECTURE: On "Solution to questions of Religious and Spiritual Value", at Mazdaznan Hall, at 6-15 p.m.

HINDU CORPORATORS' MEETING: Raja Narayanlal Bansilal has convened a meeting of the Hindu Corporators and some prominent Hindu Leaders at his office (207, Kalbadevi Road), 7 p.m., to-day, to request Government not to pass an Act in terms of the second proposals of the Municipal Commissioner, depriving four Wards of Hindu Majority of one Seat each and granting them, one seat each, to four Muslim Majority Wards.

CHANGE IN RADIO PROGRAMME: The All-India Radio, Bombay announces that H. E. the Commander-in-Chief will broadcast a talk on the "Red Cross Week" from 8-45 p.m. to 8-50 p.m. to-day (Wednesday).

Lord Louis Mountbatten will broadcast on the "Red Cross Week" from 8-45 p.m. to 8-50 p.m. on Thursday.

SHRI GURU SINGH-SABHA: General meeting to revise the rules and regulations and to re-elect five executive members.

ELOCUTION PRIZES: An Inter-Collegiate elocution competition was held under the auspices of the Government Law College Union, on Saturday last. About 11 colleges were represented. Three prizes of Rs. 50, Rs. 30 and Rs. 20 were awarded respectively to the three best speakers in order of merit, viz., Mr. Amir Ali (Elphinstone), Miss B. N. Cooper (Government Law College) and Mr. T. V. Manikkam (Ram Narain Ruia College).

BOMBAY CRICKET ASSOCIATION: The Association has donated Rs 2,855 to the Bengal Relief Fund, Bombay Committee.

Concessions To Students Who Join War Service

Important concessions have been sanctioned by the Bombay University for college students who join any of the combatant, including technical war services. The concessions can be taken advantage of within a period of two years after the cessation of hostilities or after disbandment from service, whichever is earlier.

On the recommendation of the principals of college and military authorities students will be granted college terms for the same period as the period spent by them in the services. Thus, if a student who has passed the Intermediate Arts examination joins approved war service and is employed in it for three years he can appear for his B. A. examination without filling in terms for Junior and Senior B. A. classes and can appear for his M. A. examination by filling in only a year's terms.

Students who may have failed in any examination will, on coming back from service, be allowed to appear for examination in only those subjects in which they may have failed and not in all subjects as normally required. Thus, if an Intermediate Arts student were to fail in one subject and join service, on coming back he will have to appear for examination only in that one subject, though he might not have secured exemption marks in other subjects.

These students will also be allowed to keep terms for higher classes without passing the lower examination. They will, of course, have to appear for the lower examinations before appearing for the higher examination. Thus, a boy who has failed in the Intermediate Arts examination, and joins college after three years of war service can keep terms for the M. A. examination and appear for Intermediate Arts and B. A. in the meanwhile.

The syndicate has also decided to give such other concessions as they may consider fit in cases which do not fall within any of the categories mentioned above. These cases will be considered on their own merits.

SUB-RATIONING OFFICES IN SUBURBAN DISTRICT

BOMBAY, Feb. 1: The following main and sub-rationing offices have been opened from to-day in the rural areas of the Bombay Suburban District where rationing will begin from February 6. Borivli rationing office, Velkar's Bungalow, opposite railway station, N. A. C. No. 18, Ghodbunder Road, Borivli; Mulund rationing office Raghunath Building, Zaver Road; Mulund; Sub-Rationing office at Chembur, Mor Chawl, Chembur-Trombay Road, Chembur, (existing premises with an additional one room).—A. P.

NO RATION CARD FOR CHILDREN BELOW 2

The Public Relations Officer (Rationing, writes:— No ration card is to be issued in Bombay City and the suburban rationed area to a child below 2 years except for obtaining sugar. If such a ration card is issued there is a legal obligation on the head of the household to surrender it to the Ward Rationing Officer, for cancellation. The Bombay City and the Bombay Suburban District Rationing Regulations have been so amended.

NEW PRESIDENT FOR MUSLIM CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

Sir Abdul Halim Ghuznavi, has been unanimously elected the President of the All-India Muslim Chamber of Commerce and Industry, Bombay, for the year 1944.

Towards A Better Living

Lady Thackersey Opens Health, Home And Welfare Exhibition

A picturesque exhibition depicting various aspects of Health, Home and Social Welfare, was declared open on Tuesday at the St. Xavier's High School, by Lady Premleela Thackersey.

Mrs. Lilavati Munshi, Chairman of the Bombay Women's Association, in the course of a welcome speech said that the attempt of the Association at organising the exhibition was the first of its kind. And in that exhibition, they had presented before the public in living colours the tasks that await tackling in every one's home and in individual spheres of duty.

Referring to the origin of the idea, she said that last year, while thinking of ways and means of propagating their views and letting the public know what they stood for, they decided upon various things; and one of them was an exhibition.

Continuing she said: "When we first thought of it, it was not an exhibition in the ordinary sense of the term. It was going to be a 'Women at Home" exhibition; but the idea developed; and women's sphere being not only Home but also Health and Social Welfare, we decided to combine all these aspects in our exhibition."

Among those whom she thanked was Prof. Miss Ribeiro without whom, she said, they could not have achieved half of what they had seen. Prof. Miss Ribeiro also spoke at the opening ceremony. Mrs. Gulistan Billimoria stressed the present legal disabilities of women and the economic and social aspects of their lives. In the post-war period she wanted equal opportunities for women to whom all jobs should be thrown open.

Declaring the exhibition open, Lady Premlila Thackersey said that such an exhibition was necessary from the point of view of health and education. Kitchens should be kept clean and it needed education to keep them clean. She thought in villages cleanliness was generally more remarkable than that prevailing in the cities. Infant mortality was also due to ignorance. The Japanese by educating themselves had reduced their infant mortality.

The exhibition she said, should be a model and pattern for healthy and good living; it would fire children with a nationalist spirit. It imbued one and all with the ideas of a better and healthier living which could be better done by visual knowledge than by books and speeches. Mrs. Kumarappa proposed a vote of thanks.

What It Is About

The exhibition has a Health section, dealing with sanitation and housing, modes of fighting diseases and keeping them away, and a maternity and child welfare section; a home section which tells how an average Indian home can be economically planned and run on hygienic lines; an industries section, demonstrating the making of toys and other handicrafts; a social welfare section conveying interesting information regarding problems of illiteracy, poverty and famine and other evils; an art section with paintings and sculptures.

Two children's and thirteen women's organisations participated in the show.

The colourful exhibition provided a veritable "junket" for ideas regarding health and better types of living. Outside in the compound, was situated the Health section and the Soviet section where posters, placards, boards of instructions and charts jostled with one another. And their number was a legion.

Inside, on the right wing of the hall, was the rest of the exhibition. At the entrance to the exhibition, there was a corner described as the "Spirit of India" with a bust of Gandhiji at the centre.

By the side of a corner depicting the typical life of the people of the city, living in one room-tenements, stood the stalls were toys for the children of the well-to-do and the handicrafts and hobbies of the rich living at Malabar Hill were on show.

The handicrafts of the mentally deficient children of Chembur and of the other children of the two organisations showed that they mainly loved flowers and animals. There was also a corner where the handicrafts of the woodcutters of Bijapur, of a particular tribe, attracted attention.

Admission Into Schools For The 5-Year-Old

NEW DELHI, Feb 1.

NEW DELHI, Feb. 1: In a press conference Mr. John Sargent disclosed that the Central Advisory Board of Education has accepted the suggestion of the Inter-University Board that five-year old children will be allowed to join schools. That a Committee would be set up to co-ordinate the work of Universities and an Advisory Committee formed to study moral education and devise means to introduce the same in educational syllabus. He remarked that as post-war India will be in need of Doctors, Teachers and Technicians, special emphasis should be laid on technical education, and that agricultural education will also receive due attention the medium of instruction to be the mother tongue of pupils. The scheme does not cover education in Indian States.—Orient Press

Podar Mills Make Profit Of 50 Lakhs

The audited statement of account for Podar Mills Ltd., for the year ended 30th September, 1943, shows a profit of Rs. 50,30,521-8-6 after a deducting the Managing Agents' commission. A cash dividend of Rs. 10 per share (free of income-tax) to the holders of ordinary shares has been recommended by the Directors. In addition, they have recommended capitalisation of Rs. 4 lacs from the Reserve Fund, distributing this into 4,000, 4 per cent tax free cumulative preference shares to the ordinary shareholders in proportion to the number of ordinary shares held by them. The total dividend thus works out to Rs. 30 per share.

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Your personal health problems solved by qualified persons without any cost or obligation. Write just now to: Private Consultation Department, A-20, P.O. Box 169, Fort, Bombay.

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who brought together
The FATHER & MOTHER
24TH WEEK
PRAKASH Pictures
RAM RAJYA
Director: VIJAY BHATT
SUPER
HINDI Daily: at 3-30 & 6-30
MARATHI: Daily at 9-45 p. m.
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9TH HOUSE-FULL WEEK!....9th
ITS MUSIC, IS TOPS!
New Theatres' Song-Spangled Sensation!
WAPAS
Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p.m.
KRISHNA Sat., Sun. at 1 p.m.

3 Favourites
RAGINI, VEENA
NARANG in
Maheshwari's Punjabi Film
RAVIPAR
& PUNJABI
From THURSDAY 3rd Feb.
NISHAT
Grant Road

It's Appeal is great
BATRA Productions'
PAPI
MADHURI, MAJNU
CAPITOL
Sat., Sun. Matinee at 1 p. m.
Daily at 4, 7 & 10 p.m.
A 'Dawlat' Release.

HITTING DIZZY HEIGHTS!
Minerva's Mammoth Hit
PRITHVI VALLABH
Direction: SOHRAB MODI
18th WEEK OF CROWDS
NEW WEST END
Daily: 4, 7, 10 p.m.

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A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

Desire is never extinguished by the enjoyment of desired objects; it only grows stronger like a fire fed with oil.

—Manu

The Bombay Chronicle

SERIES OF WRONGS

Resolutions demanding the immediate and unconditional release of Congress leaders continue to be adopted by various public bodies both in India and in England. Among the latest institutions in India to support this demand are the Bombay Civil Liberties Conference and the Indian Merchants' Chamber. A public meeting of Indian Christians held at Madras on Saturday last urged the British Government to make the first move for the solution of the political deadlock in the country, to release all political prisoners and to establish a National Government at the Centre and the Provinces. A conference of clergymen in England interested in India adopted last week a statement calling for ending the political deadlock in India and opening of negotiations. Finally, an India Week was celebrated in England in connection with the Independence Day and, according to a correspondent, scores of Independence Day meetings were held throughout the country, demanding the release of political prisoners and negotiations for Indian independence. Demands like these are becoming incessant and clamorous and are being made more by bodies other than the Congress, because it is realised more and more that owing to the trusted leaders of the people in jail Government are unable to cope with famine and epidemics which war and Government's bungling have brought in their train. Mr. J. L. P. Roche-Victoria said at the Madras meeting that "the present situation had become unbearable and it was incumbent on the Christian community to make its voice heard in the matter."

Most of those who demand the release of Congress leaders do so on the ground that it will help to bring about a political settlement. This is a legitimate ground, for without Congress leaders there can obviously be no settlement and their release will necessarily do much to help one. But Government plead that a settlement is prevented mainly, if not solely, by want of agreement among the parties concerned and not by the imprisonment of the Congress leaders. This is disingenuous for Government have never said definitely that if such and such parties agree to a constitutional plan they will accept it in toto. Moreover, how is any agreement possible between the parties when the leaders of the biggest party are in jail, when they are not even allowed to be interviewed by the leaders of any other party? To this Government reply that the Congress leaders are practically rebels by virtue of their August resolution, that they have encouraged violence and several of them are pro-Japanese. But Mrs. Naidu has cited facts to show that the charges of violence and pro-Japanese attitude are baseless. And the August resolution which only permitted civil disobedience to be started by Gandhiji in certain contingencies cannot be a justification for imprisoning the leaders without a trial. Much less can it be a justification for not allowing them to be interviewed by anybody. Government have wronged them and the country by imprisoning them without a trial. They have wronged them a great deal more by levelling unwarranted charges against them while the latter are prevented from defending themselves. They are wronging them still more by continuing to detain them even after Mrs. Naidu exposed the falsity of the charges. They have finally wronged Mrs. Naidu and the country by gagging her lest their wrongs be more clearly exposed before the world. These series of wrongs are getting intolerable and it is time the public took up the matter more seriously than they have done so far.

Sunken Ship Of Imperialism

The Canadian Premier, Mr. Mackenzie King, has at last shot his long-awaited bolt. Its repercussions throughout the British "Commonwealth and Empire" are bound to be far-reaching. He has stated in the plainest possible language that he and his Government will have nothing to do with the schemes of Smuts, Halifax and Co. to refloat what one of partisans of Mr. King had aptly characterised as the "sunken ship of Imperialism." In place of collaboration among the members of the British Commonwealth alone, which is favoured by these hierophants of imperialism, Mr. King wants collaboration with all the nations of the world, great and small, which are seeking peace. The lessons of the present war have obviously not been lost on Mr. King and other Canadian leaders, though they appear to be lost on the Imperial Bourbons at Whitehall, Durban and the British Embassy at Washington. One wonders what Marshal Smuts and those like Lords Cranbourne and Halifax who have been echoing his 'Imperial' sentiments *ad nauseam* of late, will say now regarding their plans for holding an Imperial Conference in the near future to help the materialisation of their ambitions.

The attitude of the Canadian Government need cause no surprise to careful observers of trends in Canadian politics since the outbreak of the present war. Can Canada forego, merely out of "Imperial" sentiment, the definite material advantages she has secured from closer collaboration with her next-door neighbour, the United States of America? The feeling in Australian Commonwealth as well as in New Zealand has, since the war, shown a similar inclination towards closer collaboration with the United States, which is situated near to them, rather than with the "Mother Country" lying far off. It is true that recently both the Commonwealth and New Zealand have approved of the principle of 'regionalism' in the Pacific, but this plan is directed more towards mutual co-operation among themselves as against other Powers, at present friendly or hostile, who might attempt to have a finger in the Pacific pie at the close of the war, than towards closer collaboration with other members of the British Commonwealth. The reaction of the Australian and New Zealand statesmen to the plain-speaking of the Canadian Premier would be interesting to note.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Battle Of Rome

The battle of Rome is steadily developing, the latest reports indicating that the Germans are paying heavily for their resistance to the advance of the Fifth Army along the railways and roadways leading to the Italian capital. The general evacuation of the city, which is stated to be in progress, shows that the Germans are not at all confident that they would be able to stem the Allied advance. On the Appian Way, some 25 miles south-east of Rome and roughly 14 miles inland from Anzio, Marshal Kesserling's troops are reported to be digging in for a last desperate stand. But the Allied pressure in the region north-west of Cassino and also east of Cisterna is every day growing stronger and stronger and a breakthrough by the Americans from that direction is a possibility which the Germans cannot but take into account; and, should it succeed, Marshal Kesserling's tactics may avail him little in saving the city. American troops have already effected a breach in the German defences on the Pacciano Feature and captured hills nearby. The Germans appear to be well aware that the defences of the Capua Line, on which they are banking, are not so formidable as they had once fondly imagined.

Confessions Under Pressure

In setting aside the conviction and the sentences of imprisonment ordered against three boys of North Kanara by the Sessions Judge on the charge of having set fire to three buildings, the Bombay High Court laid down a sound principle about admissions made by the accused. They held that it was wrong on the part of the Sessions Judge to have based the conviction on a confessing to the police, first said to have been voluntary but later withdrawn by the accused in the Court on the ground that they were made under pressure and on the tutoring of the police. The High Court observed that, as the accused were in police custody for fifteen days, caution must be exercised before the confession could be expected to have been voluntarily made. This caution, however, is inadequately exercised in the lower courts. It is not seldom that third degree methods are adopted by the police in political cases. And often enough the accused, after making confessions under pressure are afraid to withdraw them in the Court for fear of being victimised by the police.

Wanted Better Organisation

Different conferences of the Scheduled Castes are being organised in different parts of the country and are putting forward more or less conflicting demands for them. The result is that no set of demands, apart from its merits, can be regarded as adequately representative. It will be well for the Scheduled castes to form a permanent Conference, Federation or Congress, to hold periodical meetings and to work generally for their political and social uplift. Getting up stray isolated conferences just at the time when constitutional changes are under consideration does not breed confidence in the representative character of such conferences. Nor does it help to promote unity in the Scheduled Castes.

For Whose Benefit?

A number of British "experts" are now being imported to advise on post-war reconstruction and their salaries are higher than those paid to the Members of the Viceroy's Council. As the Government of India have not made out a satisfactory case for these appointments, they are naturally received with considerable suspicion about the real motive behind them. The Committee of the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry, in a communication to Government, state that the erstwhile association of some of these incumbents with British and American industries may lead the public to judge their loyalty to the Government of India with a certain amount of anxiety and even suspicion, especially having regard to the fact that their duties have a vital bearing on the interests of these industries. The Committee also point out that the selection of non-Indians for key posts is contrary to the policy of Indianisation of the higher services. The way these things are being manoeuvred makes one wonder whether these British "experts" are being imported to advise on Indian post-war plans or on British designs in India.

BIRTH CONTROL

Not all the Prabhus and Collacos in the world can gainsay the experience of countries which practise birth-control. One of the oldest countries to do so was Holland where it had the support of the Government, and the result is marvellous. The death rate has gone down along with the birth-rate and this always means a great improvement in general health. Even the stature of the people has increased. No arguments can prevail against experience. Gandhiji declares that the adoption of artificial methods must result in imbecility and nervous prostration, but experience shows that there are no such effects. This is what happens when people theorise without regard to practical experience.

Mr. Prabhu cites the instance of elderly bachelors and spinsters who practise self-control for years together without any deleterious effects and also of husbands whose wives are stricken with illness. While it may be reasonably doubted how many of these really practise self-control and also whether there are really no bad effects, the case of those who may perhaps be practising it in these circumstances cannot reasonably be compared with that of a married couple in good health who have to stay in the same flat and often in the same room every day and night. For such a couple to practise self-control all their lives, except perhaps two or three times in a life-time is a feat which is impossible for ordinary persons.

With all the differences of opinion as regards the population problem, no argument can be advanced as to why a couple should not practise birth-control for economic reasons by artificial methods if they feel self-control impossible for them. Nobody has a right to dictate to such people, or to keep them in ignorance. It is for such people that clinics are required. It is entirely a matter of choice and nobody is forced to use artificial methods if they do not want them.

Dr. Collaco calls these methods 'western', but this is only his ignorance. In my Marathi booklet on the subject, I have quoted Sanskrit verses giving methods of birth-control, showing that this is a very ancient practice, however crude those methods may appear at the present day.

When will these people see that it is futile to argue against experience?

R. D. KARVE.

II

For the benefit of those whom Mr. R. D. Karve and other propagandists of birth-control by contraceptives are trying to mislead by declaring that medical evidence is definite and decisive regarding the "harmlessness" of resort to such artificial devices, I may quote here the statement put on record by a number of distinguished medical men and social workers who served on the National Birthrate Commission, which was instituted in Great Britain, under official recognition, by the National Council of Public Morals. The statement runs thus:

"Medical evidence has been given that all unnatural modifications of marital association, and all artificial contraceptive methods by mechanical or chemical contrivances, if habitually employed by normally constituted individuals, are harmful. Routine interference with the spontaneity of so important a physiological function will sooner or later produce varying degrees of physical and mental exhaustion, often associated with lack of concentration, loss of memory, and increasing irritability and unrest, so that marriage may cease to be a satisfied bond of union."

This statement is incorporated in the second report of the Commission which was submitted by it in 1918-1920. In the first report, submitted in 1916, the Commission as a whole, dealing with the medical aspects of artificially reduced birth-rate, had made the following statement:

"We regret that we are unable to present a definite pronouncement as to the physical consequences of the use of these devices. The printed evidence which follows does not enable a dogmatic statement to be made as to these and in view of the fact that medical investigation on this subject is difficult and in large measure has only recently been made, it is not surprising that no definite conclusion can be drawn."

Lest Mr. Karve and other protagonists of contraceptives accuse me of presenting only one side of the case, I may observe that the second report also records a statement made by Mrs. Marie Stopes and a few other members of the Commission remarking that they disagree with the view of the members who had made the statement I have quoted above. From the foregoing as well as from the divergent views on the subject still held by even the most distinguished members of the medical profession as well as by social workers all over the world, I maintain I am entitled to say that the "medical" case in favour of contraceptives is unproven. Such being the case, what right has Mr. Karve and his kind to palm off the artificial devices as those the harmlessness of resort to which is proved?

R. K. PRABHU.

(This correspondence is now closed. —Editor "B.C.")

THE PRICE OF FREEDOM

As I saw Mrs. Sarojini Naidu reclining in a sofa the other day during her historic press conference, memory went back by 28 years. She was sitting in a similar chair when I first saw her in 1916. It was not in the parlour of a fellow journalist, Mr. Shiva Rao, but the regally decorated drawing room in Lahore of the old Mian Sir Mahommed Shafi. I was then a student just promoted from the high school into college. Hesitatingly I approached her for an autograph. Those were the days when autographs were still sacred and young boys did not combine autographs of cinema stars, national leaders, family doctors, radio singers, briefless lawyers, football players, tobacco salesmen, beauty champions and supply department officials in the same book or in the same page.

THE NIGHTINGALE

It was a different Mrs. Naidu. Young, sprightly, strangely attractive with a pair of most fascinating dark eyes, she impressed those who met her as much by her beauty as by her brilliance. She had come to Lahore to deliver a series of six lectures in Bradlaugh Hall on a variety of subjects covering politics, poetry, literature and what not. I still remember how thousands of us, examinees and non-examinees, collected at the Bradlaugh Hall six to seven hours ahead of schedule to capture front seats and the hall used to get filled almost 2—3 hours before the commencement of the lecture. Those were not the days of loud speakers. And yet her resonant sweet voice reached every nook and corner of the house and with every new sentence she gave us a fresh thrill by the exquisiteness of her phraseology, the symphony of her language and the superb character of elocution. She was still fresh in the bloom of her greatness. Jail life had drawn no wrinkles yet on a face alive with youth and full of charm, which only the brilliance of genius could bring.

TWO YEARS LATER

The second time when I came anywhere near touching her hands was two years later at the Amritsar Congress. I helped to unstrap her bedding roll. She had then risen to the status of a front rank leader. I however happened to be only a Congress volunteer, a functionary who in those days combined in himself the status of a political camp bearer and an honorary domestic for Congress celebrities. What impressed me most was the number and variety of her Saris and the distinctive character of her trinkets. Since then I have known Mrs. Sarojini Naidu more intimately, both as an admirer of her great talent as well as a friend. I have seen her rise higher and higher to the giddy heights of greatness. I have heard hundreds of thrilling speeches by her and not once has she repeated herself nor brought about a feeling of boredom. I have watched her causing side-splitting laughter among friends assembled in a parlour or the dining table. During the last 20 years, in which I have known every Congress and non-Congress leader in the country, I have not come across a person of such sustained brilliance in conversation with such marvellous command of several languages and full of so much refined wit and humour as Mrs. Sarojini Naidu.

SO DIFFERENT

But it was a different Mrs. Naidu on whom I set my eyes a few days ago. Her sense of humour was as robust as ever before. She was full of wit, and her command of language had probably improved with the ripeness and maturity of ideas, but there was an ever-present undercurrent of melancholy which I have never witnessed before. She wanted a cushion to be placed under her feet to minimise the strain on her heart. The dark tresses worn in a style of Bengali fastidiousness had been replaced by a simple coiffure worked up in steel grey. Repeated visits spreading over a period of 20 years to His Majesty's prisons had not only shattered a juvenile heart but had left tell-tale furrows on a face rich with the fascination of youth.

SPECTRES

As I looked at this figure of matronly greatness, I saw spectres moving behind her chair, each carrying on its face the same tell-tale wrinkles, the same manifestations of a premature wearing off, the same sparkling eyes carrying a message of hope, the same twitching lips fearful of the impact of despair. Standing behind her in spectral parade I could make out such familiar faces that have faded out either too soon or too tragically from the national arena as Mahadeo Desai, Satyamurti, R. S. Pandit, Mrs. Nehru, Kamala Nehru, Motilal Nehru, Shaukat Ali, Mohammed Ali, Dr. Ansari, J. M. Sen Gupta, L. Lajpat Rai, Hakim Ajmal Khan, Desh Bandhu Das and a horde of others crowding around in an endless queue.

A PRAYER

As I looked on at this monument of greatness I realized for the first time what great price every servant of the country has to pay, and how great a price the servants of Indian Nationalism have paid even to bring India to the position which it occupies to-day. Those of us who attend to their daily duties, earn, eat and wear nice clothes, what can we know how much sacrifice it is to dedicate a whole life-time to a cause, to serve it with one's life-blood, to nurture it with one's youth and to feed it if need be, even with one's flesh and bones. My only prayer at that time was that in spite of the sufferings that she and others like her have undergone, may she and all those who carry prison furrows on their face and the spark of Indian Nationalism in their eyes, whose hearts though enfeebled through suffering still beat with the fervour of passionate patriotism, may they be spared for many a long year not only to see India free but also to see India outshine the other nations of the world.—From "Kutub Minar", "National Call."

Proposed Disaffiliation Of Sophia College

College Authorities Plead For Dispassionate Weighing Of Evidence

In connection with the proposal in the Agenda of the Senate Meeting (12th February) to disaffiliate the Sophia College on the ground of alleged proselytising activities, Mr. D. J. Ferreira, M.L.A., Chairman of the governing Body of the College, has issued a lengthy statement on behalf of all the members challenging both the procedure adopted by the Inquiry Committee of the Syndicate and their findings.

The statement gives a brief history of the two cases of conversion. In the earlier case—that of Miss Dhalla—it is pointed out that her mind was made up to become a Christian in Simla long before she joined the Sophia College and it was only the fact that she was not of age that stood in the way of her baptism. The College authorities had nothing to do with the matter.

In the other case—that of Miss Kalapesi—it is pointed out that, though the process of conversion began while she was a pupil in the College through the influence of Miss Dhalla, a close friend of hers, she was withdrawn from the College by her parents and was beyond the reach or influence of the College a full year before she was baptised, the College authorities again having had no hand either in the judicial proceedings that took place in that connection nor in her baptism.

The statement goes on to point out that the Principal of the College had asked for a full enquiry into the allegations of proselytising and had promised every facility to that end. Yet no such enquiry has been held. It was not held in the first instance when assurances were demanded from the College. It was not held on this second occasion when the Committee confined themselves to the question whether the assurances given were kept in the letter and in the spirit. Yet disaffiliation is sought to be imposed on the existence of proseylitising activities which have not been investigated, much less proved!

The statement gives verbatim the assurances that the Principal was called upon to give with regard to "proseylitising activities."

CONCLUSIONS CHALLENGED

It deals with the conclusions of the Committee on which the recommendations of the Committee are based.

1. "That the College authorities, under the guise of conducting a reading circle explain to non-Catholic student sthe tenets of the Roman Catholic religion."

The evidence for this is that Dante's "Divina Commedia" was the subject of a cultural study circle but the choice of author was made by the students themselves who had already read authors like Bernard Shaw, G. K. Chesterton, William Blake and Rabindranath Tagore.

2. "That non-Catholics are allowed or encouraged to ask questions relating to the Catholic religion so as to give the Principal and the members of the teaching staff belonging to the Order an opportunity to explain the principles of the Catholic religion."

No evidence is adduced for this statement.

3. "That the Principal of the College has failed to realise her responsibility as the Head of an Institution affiliated to the University of Bombay, to the parents of the students, inasmuch as she says that she would be prepared even after the assurances were given, to help a non-Catholic student to become a Christian contrary to the parents' wishes so long as she observed the assurance No. 2 in the letter, by informing the parents of the desire of the student to be converted to Christianity."

The evidence for this is that the Principal said she would be ready to help a girl if she were turned out of her home.

4. "It was clear from Mother Andersson's attitude that she gave the assurance only as a last resort, and only out of fear that the affiliation of the College might be otherwise withdrawn."

But having given them, the Principal has stated that she was prepared to keep them and has acted accordingly.

5. "We may add that in spite of the long period over which Catholic educational institutions have been providing education to non-Catholics in this Province, the only known cases of conversion of students which have occurred are within the period of two to three years since the Sophia College was started. This fact itself is significant."

The statement points out that cases of conversion have occurred, but that no University has ever thought it proper to take notice of these occurrences. It is begging the question to imply that the mere fact of conversion is sufficient proof of "proselytising activities."

6. "The Universty has always observed strict neutrality with regard to all religions and religious questions, and should not allow an institution affiliated to it for educational purposes to carry on activities which run counter to this principle."

It is submitted in the statement that this neutrality merely implies that the University does not favour one religion as against another, not that it should penalise a College whenever a student changes religion.

The statement then points out that girls of all communities continue to be students of the College showing that non-Catholic parents are evidently satisfied that the allegations against the College are without foundation.

The Chairman concludes by asking for "a careful and dispassionate weighing of the evidence before a decision is taken."

II

On the 12th February at 1 p.m. the Bombay University Senate meets to consider the most fateful resolution, which has come its way since the inception of the University itself. May I request the kind use of your columns for a frank appraisal of the whole affair now known as "this Sophia College business."

Let me at the outset say that the resolution for disaffiliation aside from being absurd is a downright slur on the Christian community throughout India and challenges our very self as people of India.

I understand the craving urge of some people in the University to hit at things foreign in this country. But while you do it I insist don't lose your sanity. Somehow you have never been able to give up your sentimentality for the cow. Must you not expect Christians to have some regard for missionaries?

A damning lot of cheap publicity has been running on in some sections of the Press and in the University itself just because 2 Parsi girls (within their majority) have sought the Christian way to worship God and one of them is actually living with her parents. Efforts at reconversion have been openly and freely allowed but have not succeeded. I ask, where is the crime committed? Why then this poisoning between peoples and communities?

A University Committee of Enquiry was appointed and I am told the evidence is brutally one-sided. This is understandable. I ask the public—has it ever been that in a cricket tournament match between say the Parsis and Hindus one of the umpires was a Parsi or Hindu? In this Committee of Enquiry all the other communities (including Parsis) were represented except the Christians. Why this criminal exception? It is or is it not a fact that third and fourth source evidence was collected but the actual converts themselves were never questioned? Even a school boy will draw the conclusions.

I fully sympathise with the parents who are naturally cut up? I appreciate the sentiments of the Parsi community who do not like conversion. I admit there has been bungling and I will be the first to support any resolution inside or outside the University which points out the lack of discretion on the part of the Sophia College and blames the 'ladies' concerned for not informing the parents and further for not postponing (in their own interests) the actual conversion till the girls were out of the College and away from its environment. But I ask who does not bungle? Somebody bungled in Bengal "(don't ask me who it is)" and millions died of starvation. The British bungled (they never hesitate to admit it) in appreciating the potential of the Jap and Burma and Singapore were lost. Recent Congress history cannot claim to be free from bungling!

It is argued that an insidious and subtle atmosphere prevails in the College striving to influence young minds towards conversion. May I point out that in every College of this University an equally insidious atmosphere prevails sustained by the majority of professors which aims at converting young minds towards the religion of nationalism gloriously, started by the Congress. And the actual conversions may be gauged from the youth who readily go to jails and partake in demonstrations. Has the University brought forth resolutions to disaffiliate all these colleges? Moreover throughout India thousands are being converted into Christians and Mussalmans and being reconverted back and yet nobody makes a noise about it. But simply because two Cumballa Hill girls are the object of conversion and because a jing-bang of pent-up crankpots wanting publicity have let themselves loose in rabid propaganda must the Bombay University really lose its sense of proportion and its very sanity? Must a foreign cultural Institution which has no fault in its teaching (whatever be its atmosphere nobody is forcing you to go to it) be asked to pack off?

The resolution is a challenge to China. It openly questions the conversion and identity of Madame Chiang Kai-shek and millions of Christian and Muslim Chinese converts who are playing a heroic part in the struggle for their country.

Having said all this, having blamed the Sophia College for its mistake, having seen its future ruthlessly prejudiced—this is about all that can be tolerated. The rest, I assert, is an open challenge to the Indian Christian community. It questions the propriety of conversion itself. To deliberately seek to disaffiliate a college because it shares a hall-mark of conversion is nothing else but spitting in the very face of every Christian, every Muslim and every other convert. It is openly questioning the make up of Muslim or Christian converts towards their Motherland and telling us that because we were converted we are asses. Would all this fuss have been made if in the D. A. V. College at Sholapur some Christian or Muslim because he liked the life and ways of the Arya Samajists chose to be converted into Hinduism? I openly challenge these confabulated proposers and their supporters whether they would have the guts to make all this noise if the two girls in question were converted to the Muslim faith?

I would tell my countrymen: Because we Indian Christians talk and yap less does not mean that we are not interested in the future welfare of India. We do believe in dynamic and healthy nationalism but we certainly do not believe in wily substitutes and talky-talky nationalism. Don't make us a fuel to a communal fire which is already consuming India. The implications of the resolution challenge us to the core. It is no more a question of the College, for the College has already suffered, been blamed and prejudiced. Don't bring in Government and we will not be interested in Government or any other correctives that may be brought in subsequently. This is an affair of the people. The Senate is supposed to represent the pulse of the 'educated' people in this part of the country. Let influential and sensible opinion outside the University exercise its influence. We Christians have been waking up on the right side of our bed since a very long time. Must somebody wantonly choose to wake us up on the wrong side? If you deliberately give us the wrong signal then I would say we will not fail to take the path towards the future of this land which is being chalked out for us. And I would add 'God help the future of Indian national unity.'

F. MAXI-PINTO.

N. M. JOSHI FOR PHILADELPHIA

A.-I. T. U. C. General Body's Decisions

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

A meeting of the General Council of the A. I. T. U. C. was held at the Servants of India Society's Hall on the 31st January and 1st February, under the Chairmanship of the President, Mr. S. A. Dange.

The General Council decided that the A. I. T. U. C. when required, should nominate Mr. N. M. Joshi as the Workers' Delegate to the International Labour Conference to be held at Philadelphia in April and Mr. V. R. Kalappa and Mr. S. S. Mirajkar as Advisers. It was also decided that the A. I. T. U. C. would send a delegation composed of Mr. S. A. Dange, Mr. N. M. Joshi and Mr. V. R. Kalappa to the World Labour Conference to be held at London in June.

By a resolution passed unanimously the General Council demanded the release of detenus and political prisoners. It protested against the action of the Government in permitting women to work underground in coalmines, against Excess Profits Tax Rules affecting the payment of dearness allowance and bonus to workers, against the rationing to industrial workers brought into effect in Calcutta and demanding increased ration, and against D. I. A. Rule 81 A as recently amended, asking that Government should enforce all the decisions of an adjudicator in a trade dispute.

TETE A TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

"We hope India will wish to remain within the British Commonwealth. But if after the war her people can establish an agreed Constitution and then desire to sever partnership with us, we have undertaken not to overrule such a decision. I think we may fairly claim to have given her peace in place of war, unity in place of division, order in place of anarchy, law in place of the irresponsible working of despotic wills. We have sown in her people seeds of Self-Government."

—Lord Halifax.

* * *

The Junior Colleague, on reading the above, says he would let it go 'without comment' but wants our permission just to laugh—Ha! Ha!! Ha!!! We have refused him permission because we do not want the noble Lord to be insulted by the impish youth's derisive chuckle!

* * *

SOVIET PILOTS FIGHT LOCUSTS IN INDIA

—Headline.

Really! But isn't that a contravention of the spirit of the 25 years' non-intervention the U. S. S. R. has promised to Britain?

* * *

Addressing an "India Week" meeting in London, Mr. Middleton, the Secretary of the British Labour Party, wished that Mr. Churchill would fly to India for bringing together Dr. B. R. Ambedkar, Mr. M. A. Jinnah and Congress leaders.

Is it being subtly suggested that Mr. Jinnah and Dr. Ambedkar should be arrested and put in jail along with the Congress leaders?

In that case, Mr. Churchill could arrange to do that without flying to India?

* * *

TO-DAY'S PRIZE HOWLERS (Perpetrated By The Junior Colleague)

(1) *Music is the monopoly of the rich but the poor can go and attend lectures on music absolutely free.*

(2) *The Society for the Promotion of Education and Culture will issue a statement denouncing the All-India Music Congress as an example of undesirable nationalism in art.*

(3) *All the people who occupied the front rows at the Music Congress really knew something about music.*

(4) *There is absolutely no difference between Indian music or western music (or so says Mr. Kaufmann of A.I.R.)—except that one gets paid much better for the latter!*

(5) *It is high time there was a birth-control of debates on birth-control.*

(6) *Man does not live by bread alone—he can survive on Barwheat, too. (Rationing authorities, please copy!)*

FOREMOST TASK BEFORE MUSLIMS

Mr. Jinnah Pleads For Unity Of Action

"Unity of action now is the first and foremost task of Muslims to achieve their goal," said Mr. M. A. Jinnah while opening Students' Jinnah Library on Tuesday evening in the Anjuman-i-Islam Hall.

Pointing to the education of students, he said that it did not mean the passing of examinations or getting employment only, but it really meant the acquisition of general knowledge of what was going on all over India and beyond India.

NEED FOR STUDY OF POLITICS

He emphasised that the students should study politics and should have a press of their own. They should understand current political problems, as they were the torch-bearers of the future.

Mr. Jinnah said that to-day 99 per cent of Muslims were in the Muslim League and everybody knows its organization. "In our struggle so far, we have established the unity of thought and one ideal as our goal. Now our task is to establish unity of action. Now we have to consolidate Muslim India as one.

UNITY OF ACTION

"To achieve unity of action, we will have to lay some foundation and build some pillars first. They are educational, economic and social. Only after building these three pillars, we will be able to place the last pillar and that will be the political pillar.

"We have come to the conclusion now that it is impossible for us to live unitedly in India. Therefore we say: 'Divide and Live.' There can never be Pakistan or a Free Muslim India without a Free Hindu India. Hindus know better than ourselves that we are two brothers in a joint family system of India—our home. When one brother is not treated properly, he is given his share. So why should not we Hindus and Muslims?"

Mr. Akbar Peerbhoy presided and an address was presented to Mr. Jinnah by the Bombay District Muslim Students' Federation.

Protest Against Press Discrimination

(From Our Correspondent.)

DELHI, Jan. 31.

The First Annual General Meeting of the Accredited Press Association was held on January 30. The Association represents about 40 leading papers in India and one Agency at the H. Q. of the Government of India.

The Association is duly registered under the Societies Act and claims to be the only representative body fighting for equality among Journalists.

The meeting passed the following resolution:—"The Association strongly resents the idea of classification among the accredited correspondents working at the H Q of the Government of India and further strongly objects to the Government policy of being guided either by the Press Correspondents Advisory Committee or by the Press Association thus ignoring the professional rights of other Accredited Press Correspondents.

This Association urges the Government and the Information and Broadcasting Departments not to make any discrimination amongst Accredited Press Correspondents.

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(Incorporated in Baroda Liability of Members being limited.)
UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF AND LARGELY SUPPORTED BY THE GOVERNMENT OF H. H. THE MAHARAJA GAEKWAR

Capital Authorised ..... Rs 2,40,00,000
Capital Issued ..... Rs 2,00,00,000
Capital Subscribed upto (30-11-43) ..... Rs 1,99,80,600
Capital called up upto (30-11-43) ..... Rs 83,94,180
Capital paid up upto (30-11-43) ..... Rs 83,66,280
Reserve Fund ..... Rs 98,89,330

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Ahmedabad (Bhadra)	Calcutta	Petlad
Ahmedabad (Panchkuva)	Dabhoi	Patan
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Bilimora	Kadi	Sidhpur
Bombay (Fort)	Kalol	Surat
Bombay (Zaveri Bazar)	Kapadwanj	Unjha
	Karjan	(N. G.)
	Mehsana	Visnagar
	Mithapur	(N G.)
	Navsari	Vyara

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS—Interest allowed at 1/4 per cent per annum on daily balances from Rs 300 to Rs 1,00,000 and on sums over Rs 1,00,000 by special arrangement
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Bombay Manager: O. H. GHEEWALA.

War conditions have interfered with the supply of Andrews Liver Salt. Stocks are now low, and, in some areas, completely exhausted. Supplies will be renewed at the earliest practicable moment so that once again you can enjoy your regular glass of Andrews — for Inner Cleanliness, for Health.

MAHATMA NOT TO BLAME

Mrs. Naidu Throws More Light On Failure Of Cripps' Mission

The New Delhi Correspondent of the "Tribune" writes:—

NEW DELHI, Jan 26.—More revelations about the Cripps episode have been made by Mrs Sarojini Naidu in answer to the charge that Mahatma Gandhi had torpedoed Cripps mission.

Mrs. Naidu emphatically repudiates the charge and declares that Gandhiji had left the Working Committee entirely free to deal with Sir Stafford Cripps. The only opinion that Gandhiji had expressed on the British proposals was to Sir Stafford himself and that too in a humorous vein. He told Sir Stafford, "You are a very wicked man to have brought these proposals to influence the Indian mind." According to Mrs Naidu Cripps negotiations fell through because in the later stages Sir Stafford went back on his earlier commitment of a National Government at the Centre. In the very first interview that Sir Stafford had with Maulana Azad he made it clear that what he proposed was a cabinet in the same sense as cabinet in England with the Viceroy occupying the position parallel to the King of England. What he was offered later was, however, an Executive Council and the charge of petrol pumps and canteens.

Mrs. Naidu described Sir Stafford's broadcast on the eve of his departure as a deviation from truth.

Indian Olympic Games

BOMBAY TO BE FULLY REPRESENTED AT PATIALA

(By FREE LANCE)

It is most gratifying to learn that Bombay will be fully represented in the Indian Olympic Games which will be held at Patiala next week. All the selected athletes, both men and women, three weightlifters, and a Hu-tu-tu team will make the journey under the managership of S. A. Mehta. This has been possible mainly through splendid sporting gesture of the Cricket Club of India, Ltd., who made a generous donation of Rs. 3,000 towards the expenses of the team. J. R. D. Tata, President of the Bombay Presidency Olympic Association, and A. A. Jasdenwalla, Hon. Secretary of the C.C.I. made a further contribution of Rs. 1,000 to fill up the gap in the budget. Our athletes have every reason to be grateful to them. Because without these donations it would have been impossible for Bombay to participate in the Games this year.

TRAVEL BY LOWER CLASSES

As was suggested in the "Chronicle", the idea of travelling by Second Class was abandoned by the Committee. In fact the Railways could not have provided so many berths even if the B.P.O.A. managed to pay for them. Arrangements have now been made for the athletes to travel by the lower classes in a composite bogey which will take them straight to Patiala and perhaps bring them back too. I understand there will be four honorary assistants to the Manager who will help the latter to look after the athletes during the trip as best as possible. I wish the team all success.

EXHIBITION CRICKET MATCH

The Exhibition Cricket Match between the Services and an Indian XI which will be held at the Brabourne Stadium towards the end of next week in aid of the Red Cross Fund has created a good deal of interest among the Cricket fans in Bombay. The Indian team has already been selected by the C.C.I. It will be led by Vijay Merchant and will include some of the most outstanding players in India. It has a new-comer in the wicket-keeper who is expected to shine as the best man in the country to-day.

But who will play for D. R. Jardine's team? We understand Joe Hardstaff, H. J. Butler, P. Cranoner and C. A. Edge are certainties. It is rumoured that "Wally" Hammond, James Langridge, Harry Parks and Peter Smith are now in India. But their participation is still a matter of speculation, as the C.C.I. authorities have not been able to get in touch with them or the players have not yet sent their consent. Who will finally take part in the match will be announced in the next few days. Any way, the match promises to be an interesting one.

The Honorary Secretary, Cricket Club of India, states that the following six players have definitely accepted to play for the services in the Festival Cricket match between Services XI vs. An Indian XI in aid of the Indian Red Cross, to take place from February 11 to 14 at the Brabourne Stadium:—

Hardstaff (England and Notts), Butler (Notts fast bowler), Edge (Lancashire last bowler), Major Cranmer (Warwickshire Captain in 1938-39), Capt. C. S. Nayudu and Lieut. Adhikari.

Selections For Red Cross Day

ENCHANTRESS II LIKELY TO ANNEX INDIAN RED CROSS CUP

FROM OUR RACING CORRESPONDENT

Good-sized fields have accepted for the Red Cross Day meeting which is due for decision to-day at Mahaluxmi.

The Maharaja of Gwalior is strongly represented with a bracket of five good performers in the day's only cup event, the Indian Red Cross Cup. Enchantress II who is considered the best in them is likely to annex the cup.

The following are my selections:—
1ST RACE: Silver Trace 1; Parachute 2; Noble Duke 3
2ND RACE: Square Deal 1; Typhoon 2; Inside Information 3.
3RD RACE: Tesfai Al Furat 1; Malik Al Jiyad 2; Time Switch 3.
4TH RACE: Royal Princess 1; Prince Buland 2; Mubashir 3.
5TH RACE: Hindustan 1; New Jack 2; Halfaya 3.
6TH RACE: Guiding Star 1; Faraj Allah 2; Prince Faisal 3.
7TH RACE: Enchantress II 1; Royal Page 2; Ayesha 3.
8TH RACE: Peace Treaty 1; Peshawar Express 2; Pleader 3.
9TH RACE: Faiz 1; Indication 2; Menu Suffrage 3.
Flukes: Red Cross and Ice Box

SCHEME DESERVES SCRUTINY

Fifteen-Year Industrial Plan Welcomed

LUCKNOW, Jan. 30.

Interviewed by the United Press on the 15-year economic plan Prof. D. P. Mukherjee, of the Department of Economics and Sociology, Lucknow University, said: "I welcome the plan mainly for two reasons. The first is that, it proves the ability of Indians to evolve a plan of rational action in the field of economics even in the midst of war. The second is that Indian capitalism can be a progressive force at this stage of our history, as against Feudal conditions in the indigenous social economy on the one hand and fetters of imperial economy on the other. These latter, as the planners seem to have realised very well, are being forged anew and in more strength."

"The possibilities of Indian capitalists' role will naturally depend upon the social forces that its functioning will release. Our National Government will have to be very vigilant indeed.

"The planners must explain the implications of the plan to a wide audience and also be more open to criticisms. I recommend cheap reprints and a close scrutiny by study-groups at colleges and universities."—United Press.

WHY NOT MAKE A START?

LAHORE, Jan 30.—"The value of the eight industrialists' plan would have been very much enhanced if they had indicated certain industries, whether basic or consumption goods industries, which could be taken up by private capitalists or joint stock companies floated for the purpose and had given information regarding the availability of necessary machinery, raw material and technical skill and had also pointed out the various centres where such industries could be set up," said Sir Gokulchand Narang, in the course of an interview to the "United Press" on the fifteen-year industrial plan adumbrated by Sir Purshotamdas Thakurdas and others.

Plan That Should Be Studied

CALCUTTA, Jan. 30.—"We hail the 15-year plan as the materialisation of what we have been dreaming these many years. This materialisation has taken place in a setting more impressive than we had hoped for. We take it that the main initiative and inspiration for the research workers whose labours have resulted in this plan have come from Dr. John Matthai. We see his Roman hand in the drafting of the manifesto." Thus says the "Indian Finance" in the course of a lengthy analysis of the fifteen-year plan announced by Sir Purshotamdas Thakurdas and other industrialists.

Villager And 3 Sons Killed In Mysterious Explosion, Another In Precarious Condition

KARACHI, Feb. 1.

A villager and three of his sons were killed in an unusual explosion which occurred last night at Sharfat Ali, a suburb of Karachi.

Khudadad, the villager, aged 55, finding a heavy globe shaped object in the jungle, carried it home and attempted to open it. His four sons gathered around him to watch.

Suddenly there was a terrific explosion killing two of the boys on the spot. The father and another son died on the way to hospital. The fourth son is in a precarious condition in hospital.—A. P.

"I. E. M. E."s Gallant Work

On a certain section of the Burma front reinforcements and supplies were needed, and immediately. To move them forward hundreds of lorries had, somehow, to be got over the washed-out road. The job was turned over to a small force of I.E.M.E. men who borrowed a number of winches and breakdown lorries from other units. A "cable railway" was improvised and, hour after hour, day and night, the conveys were winched over the worst parts of the road. The vital trucks arrived in time, the troops were reinforced, and the Japs were beaten back. And the I.E.M.E. had done another typical job in characteristic fashion.

The I.E.M.E. came into being on the first of May last year. It was modelled on the successful R.E.M.E., itself a child of this war and a product of the belief that a craftsman's job—and tools—must be handled by a specialised craftsman.

The motto of the corps is "Omnia Facimus"—"We do Everything." It is a motto they have earned, for every piece of military equipment, from watches to big guns, from typewriters to tanks, is their responsibility. Their functions, as described recently by Maj.-Gen. D. R. Duguid, Director of Mechanical Engineering, are, briefly, to get damaged equipment repaired and back to the fighting troops, and to cut down rearward movement of damaged material to the irreducible minimum.

CITY MARKETS

Bombay, Feb 1.

SHARES: The Bombay Stock Exchange was fairly firm to-day with increased activity in Steel Shares. The reduction in quotations of the Standard Cloth failed to induce any important selling and buying was limited to selective Shares. Tata Steel Dfd. Shares opened at Rs 2,135 and advanced to Rs 2,155 while Ordinary Shares opened at Rs. 318 and rose to

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

ACTIVE SHARES AT GLANCE
T.S. Ord (418) 418/8, 19/8, 17, 16/9, 22, 24, 23, 25, 23, 21/8
T. S. Dfds (2136/4) 2135 30, 37/8 25, 30 22 45 57 45 52 57 62 47 50 41/4
Dyeing (2130) 2125 37 25 30 17 27 18 37 50 27 35 36 25
Century (1049) 1051 45 50 47 55 45 53 64 62 57 60 56 60 67 73
Kohinoor (722) 724 27 22 20 22 20 26 32 27 36 30 32 26.
Swadesh (526) 629 30 27 29 27 30 35 41 35 39 36 38 34.
Nagpur (475) 476 74 75 73/8 76/8 78 76 78 76/8.
Simplex (298) 300 297 96/8 99 300 298 302/8.
New Great (489) 489 86 92 89
Cement (222) 222/4 22/8 21/8 222.

Rs 321, Bombay Dyeings were placed at Rs 2,135 Century Mill Shares opened at Rs. 1,050 and hardened to Rs. 1,061. Kohinoor Shares were done at Rs. 732.

The President of the Exchange Sjt. K. R. P. Shroff warned the members to-day not to do any business on Saturday and wanted that no budla business be done in the Hall. He hoped that after the budget forthighly settlement might be allowed. He wished that we should not do anything which the Government does not want.

TEXTILE: Ahmed. Advance 502-8, Apollo 5-9-1/2, Bharat Mills 93, Bom. Dyeing 2125-0, Cent. India 476-8, Century 1063-0, Colaba 263-0, Dawn 1640-0, Edward Sassoon 912-8, Elphinstone 128-0, Finlay 339, Gokak 388-0, Hindustan 4140-0, Ind. Bleaching 236-0, Ind. United Ord. 21-0, Ind. Defd 4-8, Indore Malwa 1185-0, Khatau 450-0, Kohinoor 726-0, Lakshmi 1835-0, Madhowji 28-14, Minerva 322-8, Model Nagpur 330-0, Madhusudan 547-8, Meyer Sassoon 255-0, Morarji 830-0, Mysore 342-8, New City 540-0, New Great 489-0, Phoenix 807-8, Podar Mills 520-0, Sassoon Spg. 33-4, Sassoon Silks 105-8, Sholapur 8775-0, Simplex xd 302-8, Svadeshi 634-0, Swan 347-0. Tata Mills 71, Vishnu (Sub-Div) 572-8, Western India 3610-0.

INS.: Bom. Life 225-0, Empire Life 805-0, Oriental 6310-0, Indust. and Prudent 40-8 Ind. Mercantile 80-0, Jupiter 37-0. New India Ass. 88-0, Vulcan 19-14.

HYDRO & ELEC.: Ahmed. Elec. 200-0, And. Valley 1870-0, Ajmere 14-7, Bom. Suburban 197-12, Bom. Tram Ord. 142-0, Broach 13-4, Karachi 252-8, Poona 300-0, Surat 197-0, Tata Hydro Ord. 201-0, Tata Power Ord. 1890-0.

Bank: Baroda Bank 147-0, Bank of India 228-0, Imperial Bank 1927-8, Imperial Partly-paids 487-8, Central Bank 94-0, Reserve Bank 136-0, Union Bank 16-0, Habib Bank 85-8.

PROF. SHAR/S: 7 per cent And. Valley 1730-0, 6 per cent Bom. Steamer 340-0, 7 per cent Bom. Tram 68-8, 5 per cent Cent. India 732-8, 6-1/2 per cent Jupiter 20-4, 6-1/2 per cent Surat 198-12, 6-1/4 per cent Prem. Const. 1st 140-0, 6-1/4 Prem Const. 2nd 137-0, 6 per cent Tata I. and S. 1st 219-0, 7-1/2 per cent Tata I. and S. 2nd 158-0, 7 per cent Hydro 175-0, 7-1/2 Tata Power 1786-0, 7 per cent Vishnu 785-0.

DEBENTURES: 4 per cent And. Valley 106-0, 4 per cent Tata Power 108-0, 4 per cent Tata Chem. 241-0, 6 per cent Mahsana Price 121-0.

RAILWAY: Ahmed. Prantej 850-0, Cent. Prov. 106-8, Dhond Baramati 118-0, Hoshiarpur Doab 106-0, Guzerat 98-0, Mandra Bhon 106-0, Mymensing Rebt. 105-0, Mymensing Gtd. 104-0, Sara Sirajganj 108-0, Sialkot Naro 125-0, Sialkot New 54-0.

MISC. GROUP: Alcock Ashdown 656-4, Alembic Chem. 388-12, Asso. Cement 222-0, Bom. Burma Old 430-0, Bom. New 151-14, Bom. Steamer 722-8, B. B. Petrols 3-5-6, Belapur 240-8, Invest. Trust 64-12, Prem. Const. 240-0, Port Canning 116-0, Scindia xd 37-3, Shivrajpur 78-0, Tata Chem 31-12, Tata Oil 88-0, Tata Ord. 421-8, Tata Defd. 2141-0, Ind. Radio Ord. 500-0, Ind. Radio Defd. 460-0, Wimco. 335-0, Burma Corp. 4-0, B. I. C. 7-2, Ind. Copper 3-1/2, Ind. Iron 38-8, Steel Corp. 28-12, New Vict. Ord. 10-7, I. G. Co Bank 61-8, U. Co. Bank 76-8, Elphin. Pref. 242-8, Bradbury Ord. 455-0, Bradbury Pref. 575-0.

Govt. Securities: 2-3/4 per cent 1948-52 loan 99-14 3-1/2 per cent G. P. Note 98114-1/2; 3 per cent Def. 1st 102-5, 3 per cent 1949-52 2nd 100-14; 3 per cent 1951-54 3rd 100-4; 3 per cent 1953-55 Loan 100-14; 3 per cent 1963-65 Loan 98-10; 3-1/2 per cent 1947-50 Loan 103-5; 4 per cent 1960-70 Loan 112-10. 4-1/2 per cent 1960-6 Loan 115-12.

Corp. Debentures: 4 per cent B.P.T 1974 113-8; 4 per cent M. Deb. 1974 113-8; 5 per cent M. Deb. 1959 121-0; 6 per cent 1954 130-2; 6 per cent K.P.T. 1956 134-0.

Tax Free Loans: 1945-55 Loan 105-5; per cent 1953-63 123-0; 5 per cent Mysore 1955 134-0.

BULLION: Yesterday London Gold was unchanged at £8-8-0 Dollar Sterling Cross Rate was 4.02-1/2 to 4.03-1/2 at London and 4.03 at New York. London Spot and Forward Silver quotations were unchanged at 23-1/2d and New York Spot Silver was placed at 44-3/4 cents. The Bank offered Gold to-day at Rs 71 but sales were comparatively small. Delivery business in Gold was done at Rs. 70-12. Silver market was fairly steady on technical considerations there was scattered realising. Ready Silver was quoted at Rs 121-8 and delivery business was done at Rs 119.

The market was steady. Closing quotations. Ready silver Rs. 121/10, delivery Rs. 119/2. Ready gold Rs. 71/1, delivery Rs. 70/12/6. Sovereign Rs. 49/4.

COTTON: The local Cotton Market opened steady at Rs. 478 for March delivery but there being increased profit-taking prices declined to Rs 475-8 and steadied at Rs. 476. Demand for Ready Cotton remains moderate.

In the afternoon there was increased selling pressure and March delivery downturned to Rs. 474. The market finally losed at 6 p.m. as under

I.C.C. March 474-8-0, I.C.C. May 473-4-0, I.C.C. July 477-0-0.

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

I C C March highest 477-1/2 lowest 475-1/4, closing 477-1/4. I C C May highest 476-1/4, lowest 474 closing 476-1/4. I C C July highest 480-1/4 lowest 478 closing 480-1/4.

COTTON PARITY: Indian Cotton March Contract is under New York March 181 cent points at Exchange Rate 331

COTTON ROOM RATES—Jarilla, Extra Spr. Fine Rs. 495, Sup Rs. 485 Fine Rs. 475, Fully Good Rs. 470.

COTTON RECEIPTS—Two days Khandeshi Bales 576, Central India 692, Hyderabad 52, Sindh Punjab 11658 Total 12078 Bales

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

	Bombay, Feb. 1. Ready	Delivery Contract Ready	New. Feb.
	Old	New	
Khandesh Jarilla	310/330	410/40	... ...
Berar do	355/370	455/75	... ...
4 F. Roller	...	...	... ...
89 F. do	525/575	630/75	650/64
N.T. do	510/530	625/35	625/30
289 F. Saw-ginned	590/620	740/45	...

NEW YORK COTTON
New York Jan 31.
March 20.19—02 May 19.90+02. July 19.56+02. October 19.15—01 December 18.97—02. March highest 20.29+08 (1.52 p.m.) lowest 20.19—02 (2-58 p.m.). Middling Spot 21.04—02

NEW ORLEANS COTTON
New York Jan 31
March 20.34 May 20.08+01. July 19.73. Middling Spot 20.21

The Half-Column By "Dim"

From the "Times of India" report on the Red Cross Ball:

"His Excellency the Governor and Lady Colville, who attended the ball, were received by Mrs. Captain, Lady Dalal, Sir Homi Mehta, Chairman of the Appeal Committee, and Sir Ardeshir Dalal, Chairman, Red Cross Fund."

Yet I, who went on a Ten Rupee ticket, was received by Messrs. Fonseca and Braganza, ticket-collectors. I call that distinctly unfair.

* * *

Referring to the "Casino', the same report says it "provided plenty of fun and excitement." I wasn't aware there was a Casino providing "fun and excitement." The one I went to proved to be a casualty ward—and something they called the Chemin Table was worse (for me) than the Operation Table!

* * *

The same report goes on to say: "No expenses were incurred for the function, everything being donated by generous friends and firms."

Now I wasn't aware it was a free show and shall be grateful for the names of any "generous friends and firms" who will re-imburse my expenses!

Chinese Woman Guerilla Leader

CHUNGKING: A big reward has been offered by the Japanese Government for the head of Madame Chow Tang, the leader of the Chinese Guerilla bands. Mother Chow, as she is known, has been responsible for killing more than 1,000 Japs. She has 50,000 guerillas under her command and has evaded all attempts at capture.—India Press Service.

HAPUR MARKETS

HAPUR, Jan. 31.

FOOD GRAINS: Markets are steady. From the fact that bajra and juwar maximum prices have been fixed, sufficiently high, it is inferred that control prices of other food grains when fixed will also be sufficienetly high. The U. P. have decided to spare 60,000 tons of wheat to deficit provinces. Current wheat rates range between Rs 10 and Rs 11. Current prices for other grains are gram Rs. 10, barley Rs. 6-12, peas Rs 6-8, bajra Rs. 7-8 and juwar Rs. 6-6.

GUR and RAW SUGAR: Markets are steady despite abnormally heavy arrivals due to early resumption of interprovincial stock movements. Current prices are fine Rs 6-8 average Rs 5-12 Raw Sugar Rs 7-8 arrivals 10,000 mds.

PULSES: Highly erratic. Undertone steadied towards close on huge speculative drive and prospects of heavy governmental purchases for Ceylon and other deficit areas. Arhar continues weak and inactive. Demand for the same is very limited. Current prices are urad Rs 10 moong Rs. 9-3, arhar Rs. 7-4.

COMMODITY MARKETS: Anti-hoarding and profiteering measures are being vigorously enforced. Prices are falling but essential commodities are disappearing from the markets. Things like blades, stationery and the like are not available easily.

Weather remains seasonable. More rains were received. Standing crops are progressing excellently.

SALES OF TREASURY BILLS

Tenders for Rs. Eight Crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday the 1st February 1944. Total amount offered was Rs. 11,71,00,000—(Rupees eleven crores seventy one lakhs only). Tenders at Rs. 99-13-3 and above were accepted in full and those at Rs. 99-13-0 allotted approximately 56 per cent. Total amount accepted was Rs. Eight Crores, the average rate of accepted tenders being Re. 0-11-4 per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. Eight Crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills will be received on Tuesday the 8th February 1944, in Bombay up to 11 a.m. (Standard Time) and up to the close of business on Monday the 7th February 1944 at other centres. Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday the 11th February 1944. Other conditions are as usual.

During the week ended 28th January 1944, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 1,60,00,000—(Rupees One Crore sixty lakhs only) were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

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OF INDIA, LIMITED.
(Established—December, 1911).

Authorised Capital	-	-	-	Rs. 3,50,00,000
Subscribed Capital	-	-	-	Rs. 3,36,26,400
Paid-Up Capital	-	-	-	Rs. 1,68,13,200
Reserve and Other Funds	-	-	-	Rs. 1,49,67,000
Deposits as at 30-6-43	-	-	-	Rs. 72,27,68,000

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Through booking facilities for booking of goods traffic from Bombay to any station in Kathiawar, Gujerat & Upper India Via NAVLAKHI PORT & Vice Versa by Sea-cum-rail-route.

Since the booking of goods traffic from stations Bombay to Broach or to Kathiawar & Vice Versa Via all rail route has been closed, the Morvi Railway has opened the goods booking office at Bombay for through booking of all commodities at very cheap rates by sea-cum-rail-route via NAVLAKHI PORT for the facilities of merchants.

For booking of goods to Bombay Via NAVLAKHI PORT the consignments may be booked to NAVLAKHI and the Railway Receipts may be sent to our Agent Mr J. T. KOTAK Morvi or Navlakhi who will arrange to despatch the goods to Bombay as per instructions from the sender. He will also arrange for marine insurance.

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Telephone 25655

Traffic Supdt's Office, Morvi D|27th Octr. 1943.
V. J. DAFTARY, Traffic Superintendent.

ZULU WARRIOR AND HIS WIVES.

"ZOOLOO" A MEDICINE USED BY THE ZULUS FOR INCREASING VIGOUR AND VITALITY.

The course of treatment consists of at least three bottles but for many men a bottle or two would suffice. The price of a bottle of "ZOOLOO" is Rs. 20/- (Packing and Postage extra). OUR FREE BOOKLETS:—On application we shall send you free of charge our booklets "The Secret of Youth" and the 'Magic of Simba" or "How to remain young for life." (On your sending Annas three, pies six Stamps for postage).

Apply to Sole Agents:— NEVILLE & YOUNG
Court House, (B.C.) Dhobi Talao, opp. St. Xavier's School, Bombay 2.
Manufacturers:—THE AFRICA CORPORATION, (ZULULAND)

FIRST QUALITY
SPOONS, FORKS, ETC.
Varieties available. Highly reputed used with entire satisfaction by first class Hotels, High grade Establishments and Homes.
WANTED AGENTS & STOCKISTS everywhere.
SHREE GURU ELECTROPLATING FOUNDRY
22, Bahadurpur Lane, DACCA.
Banker: EASTERN TRADERS BANK LTD., Calcutta.

MUTT AND JEFF—Who's Making All This Beef About a Meat Shortage? By BUD FISHER

LISTEN! I BROUGHT YOU A PIG BECAUSE YOU'RE MY BEST FRIEND, BECAUSE THERE'S A SHORTAGE OF MEAT AND BECAUSE I KNOW YOU LIKE PORK!
OH!
GOSH, MUTT'S BEEN AWFULLY GOOD TO ME LATELY! I WISH I COULD---
YOO HOO! MUTT! CLOSE YOUR EYES AND HOLD OUT YOUR HAND!
THERE! I BROUGHT YOU A STEAK!
10-29

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OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD
MINIMUM RS. 1|8|-
To be paid in advance.

26. MATRIMONIAL

Educated lonely bachelor healthy and sober habits drawing Rs. 450|- in Government Service wishes to marry fair educated lady of any nationality. Medical woman, widow w|o children preferred. Photos and letters returnable, Secrecy guaranteed. Please write to Box 3928, "Bombay Chronicle."

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted a Typist part time (any time) accurate fast Typing essential. Apply personally M. C. Mehta, Agakhan Building, Dalal St., Bombay. (3955)

Wanted a Junior Accounts Assistant. Apply in own hand, stating age, qualifications, experience and salary expected to Box No. 3950 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted Male or Female Secretaries, etc. for each Taluka of Gujrat, Kannada and Maratta Districts. For salary, etc. Apply to: Box No. 3886, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted an experienced and well qualified Hindu Lady Doctor to take charge of a Maternity Home. A qualified lady doctor to act as house surgeon and a fully qualified (B.P.N.A.) nurse. Apply before 25th February with full particulars, testimonials and expected salary to: B. G. Nagarsheth, Hon. Secretary, Surat Hindu Charity Fund Hospital, Balaji Road, Surat. (7681)

Wanted immediately by a leading Life Office of Bombay clerks. Those with experience in the line preferred. Minimum qualification Matriculation. Apply Box No. 7678 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted for upcountry works experienced Draftsmen specialised in machine drawings. Salary according to qualifications. Apply Box No. 7680, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Horticulturist as Garden Superintendent for an upcountry works in Kathiawar. Apply stating qualifications, experience and salary required to Box No. 7671, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a Lady Typist and also an elderly or retired Male Typist, knowing accounts for permanent posts. Apply Spence Ltd., Kennedy Bridge. Phone 46337. 3926

Wanted a trained Science Graduate. Apply to Principal, Matunga Premier School, Matunga G.I.P. (3903)

Wanted a General Typist Clerk Shorthand knowing preferred. Salary Scale Rs. 60-3-75. Probationary Period one year. Apply giving full details to Box No. 3930. "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted door to door Sales Canvassers in each town (male and female), eloquent, honest and capable. Apply to Albert Davidson, Shivaji Park, Bombay 28. (7509)

Wanted by long established firm importing from U.S.A. and U.K., an experienced man in booksellers and publishers' line, part time for organizing establishing connections in U.K.|U.S.A. view establishment book depot on large scale postwar. Prepared to establish earlier if advised. Apply stating experience and remuneration required. Apply to Box No. 3945, "Bombay Chronicle."

191. MEDICAL ADLETS

Eye Cataract: Dimness Cuts improves sight. Wasting time to Doctors, Hospitals. Write with stamp G. M. Makwana, Malad 3850

BUSINESS FOR SALE

The Running Dairy, situated in Surat with its whole establishment land and buildings along with Live-Stock with or without pasteurizing plant is For Sale. Any one desirous of purchasing may communicate with Gujerat Investment Trust, Ltd., Safe Deposit Chamber, Surat. 7669

BOOKS & MAGAZINES

Monthly Earn Rs. 100-. Ask for Book of Cotton Guide, Price Rs. 7|-. Write Box No. 3953, "Bombay Chronicle."

302 MACHINERY WANTED

Wanted to purchase Hosiery Machines. Body, Calender, Overlock, and Chain, Machines, etc. Lowest offer to, Banwarilal Purshotamdass, 29, Banstolla St., Calcutta. (3946)

Secondhand or new Ice Candy plant and oil expellers, quote with particulars to Chanana Ice Factory, Saharanpur. 3944

327 AGENTS WANTED

For Universal Injections of High Grade Quality wanted Stockists and Agents at Principal Towns. Write: Devson's Products (India) Company, 6, Kurla (Bombay). (3935)

653. MISCELLANEOUS WANTED

Wanted a landed property, in Bombay or Suburbs. Write with full particulars to Box No. 3948, "Bombay Chronicle".

632. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Sawdust 'Sigri,' expenseless, Ranchoddas Bldg., Nowroji Vakil Street, Sleater Rd. (Grant Rd.) (3951)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. ARVIND TANNA, who was working as General Manager in our Factory known as "G. O. VICTORY WORKS" and situated at Jerbai Wadia Road, Bhoiwada, Parel, is no longer in our service as and from 1st January, 1944 and is not authorised to represent us in any way whatsoever.

For G. O. Victory Works,
MATADIN H. KHAITAN.
Partner.
(3954)

PUBLIC NOTICES

TELEPHONES, BOMBAY DISTRICT
TENDERS

TENDERS ARE INVITED for supplying, cutting, sewing and making complete in every respect uniform clothing, according to requirements. Applications, calling for details of requirements, should be sent so as to reach this Office by 8th February, 1944. Intending tenderers should then submit not later than the 15th February, 1944, their quotations with samples of cloth to be supplied in a sealed cover marked with "TENDER FOR UNIFORMS" and addressed to the undersigned by name. No applications or tenders will be entertained after the dates specified above. Successful tenderer will have to deposit Rs. 1,000|- as a security against any default etc. The security money will be returned to him after the work is completed to the entire satisfaction of the undersigned. Complete uniforms should be delivered within one month from the date of measurement obtained by him. The undersigned reserves the right to reject any or all tenders without assigning any reason.

(Sd.) R. H. PARKER,
General Manager,
Telephones, Bombay District.
Amar Building,
Sir Phirozshah Mehta Road,
Bombay, 2nd February, 1944.
(7672)

THE STEEL CORPORATION OF BENGAL, LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an INTERIM DIVIDEND of Six Annas per share on the Ordinary Shares of the Corporation ranking for dividend for the year ended 31st December, 1943, has been sanctioned by the Board. The Ordinary Share Transfer Books of the Corporation will be closed from 15th February to 29th February, 1944, both days inclusive. Payment will be made on and after the 4th March, 1944, to those Members or their Mandatees whose names appear in the Registers on the 14th February, 1944.

By Order of the Board,
BURN & CO.,
Managing Agents.

Calcutta,
27th January, 1944.
(7677)

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that it has been mutually agreed that Mr. Philip Teviot Harrison has this day ceased to be a partner in the firm of Messrs. NOWROSJEE WADIA & SONS, carrying on business at Neville House, Ballard Estate, as Agents of The Bombay Dyeing & Manufacturing Co. Ltd., and the Nowrosjee Wadia Ginning & Pressing Co. Ltd., and also as Agents of other manufacturing firms in Europe, and of the QUEEN Insurance Co. of America, and that the said firm does and will continue to be carried on by the remaining partners, Sir Ness Wadia, K.B.E, C.I.E. and Mr. Neville Ness Wadia.

Dated this 31st day of December, 1943.

NOWROSJEE WADIA & SONS.
(7675)

THE HINDUSTAN BICYCLE MANUFACTURING & INDUSTRIAL CORPORATION, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the THIRD ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Hindustan Bicycle Manufacturing and Industrial Corporation Limited will be held at the Registered Office of the Corporation at Phulwarisharif, Patna on Thursday the 17th February, 1944, at 3 p. m. for the following purposes:—

(1) To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and pass the audited accounts for the year ended 31st December, 1942.
(2) To elect Directors in place of those retiring.
(3) To elect Auditors for the ensuing year, and to fix their remuneration.
(4) To transact any other business that may be brought forward in accordance with the Articles of Association.

The SHARE TRANSFER REGISTER of the Corporation will be CLOSED from the 1st February, 1944 to 17th February, 1944 both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
For Hindustan Bicycle Manufacturing & Industrial Corporation, Ltd.
THE INDUSTRIAL SYNDICATE
Managing Agents,
(Sd.) S. N. SAHAYA,
Managing Director.

The 22nd January, 1944.
Phulwarisharif, P.O. Patna.
(7683)

TENDER NOTICE.

THE CONTROLLER OF SUPPLIES, (Purchase Branch), Strand House, Graham Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay invites tender for Crockery.

Tender No. P|BSY|GABS|5436

THE PRICE of Tender Form is Rs. 2|- per set and is not refundable and forms are not transferable. Payment should be made in cash or by Money Order only to the Controller of Supplies, (Purchase Branch), Bombay quoting Tender No. and remitter's full address on the coupon. Tenders will be received upto 14-2-1944.

Applicants not already on the list of approved Contractors maintained by Chief Administrative Officer, Purchase Branch, Department of Supply, must state in their applications for tender forms the name of their bankers.
(7676)

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE OSMANSHAHI MILLS, LIMITED,
(Incorporated in Hyderabad Dn.)
NOTICE.

THE 7 Share Certificates Nos. 25649 to 25655 (both inclusive) on which Rs. 100|- has been paid on each share issued by the Company in the name of Mr. Shah Champsi Lalji of Bombay are reported to have been LOST or MISLAID. Any person having claim to the said share certificates should notify to the Company within a fortnight, after which duplicate share certificates will be issued to the party concerned.

(Sd.) C. S. TYABJEE.
Managing Agent,
For the Industrial Trust Fund.
Secretaries, Treasurers and Agents.

H.E.H. the Nizam's Government.
D|15th December 1943.
(3952)

DEPARTMENT OF SUPPLY

Directorate of Munitions Production, Bombay.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the undermentioned posts:—

SENIOR TECHNICAL ASSISTANT

Qualifications: Must have had a good general education followed by an apprenticeship of at least four years in a recognised engineering firm or Government Workshop and have attained a standard of technical education equivalent to that of the V. J. Technical Institute, Bombay. In addition must have had at least two years experience subsequent to apprenticeship. Preference will be given to candidates with practical experience of mass production methods, drawing office experience and|or toolroom experience. If a candidate possesses a recognised engineering degree or is a corporate member of a chartered engineering institution it will be an advantage.

Grade of pay: Rs. 350|- p. m. in the scale of Rs. 350-25-600.

SENIOR DRAUGHTSMAN

Qualifications: Must have a good general education followed by at least a four years apprenticeship in an engineering firm or a Government Workshop and followed by at least 3 years experience in a drawing office of a firm engaged on design work. Experience in jig and tool design will be an advantage.

Grade of pay: Rs. 150|- or according to qualifications and experience.

Applications in writing should be submitted before Monday the 7th February, 1944 to:

THE DIRECTOR OF MUNITIONS PRODUCTION,
Phoenix Building,
Graham Road,
Ballard Estate, Bombay.
(7674)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that HOOSEINALLY MEHERALLY of Bombay Muslim has contracted to sell the below described property to our client. All persons having or claiming any right, title, interest, property, claim or demand into upon over or out of the said property or any part thereof on any ground whatsoever are hereby required to make their claims and demands known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Lalgir Chambers, Tamarind Lane, within the Fort and to the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes within a fortnight. Any claim or demand not made known as hereby required will be considered to have been waived and abandoned.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL that piece or parcel of Foras Land, since redeemed with the messuages buildings and factories thereon, situate at Lamington Road and Gilder Cross Lane, in Bombay admeasuring 2940 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue with other lands under Old Nos. 339-361-362-363-364-365-366 and 392, New Nos. 13857, 13876, 13877, 13878, 13879. 13880, and 13898 and 17148, Old Survey Nos. 86, 87, 93 and 94, New Survey Nos. 2B|7011, 2C|7011 and 2|7012, Cadastral Survey No. 1|326, Tardeo Division and in the Books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under D Ward Nos. 4632, 4633 and 4634 (1) and (2), Street Nos. 3 and 3A and 3B, Lamington Road and D Ward No. 4634 (3) and Street No. 3D Gilder Lane and bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the East by the property of Haji Ismail Hassam, on or towards the West partly by the wall of the property of K. B. Choksey and thereafter the property of K. B. Choksey and partly by the Gilder Cross Lane, on or towards the North by the property of K. B. Choksey and on or towards the South by the Government passage. The property is enclosed on three sides by compound walls and the West compound wall belongs to the Vendor.

Dated this 1st day of February, 1944.

JAMSHEDJI RUSTOMJI & DEVIDAS,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(7682)

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE APOLLO MILLS LIMITED.

DEALERS in Textile Mill Stores are requested to register their names with us giving particulars as to the articles they are interested in to enable us to send them enquiries. In this connection they may apply to and|or see our Managing Director SHETH GOKULCHAND DWARKADAS MORARKA at Standard Building, 346, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

J. S. DAWDA,
Secretary.
(7673)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that KESHAVDAS MOHANDAS, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant has contracted to sell to our clients the property herein below described. All persons having any right, title, interest, claim or demand upon or in respect of the said property by way of sale, gift, transfer, trust inheritance, maintenance share, mortgage, exchange, lease, lien, charge, possession easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at 77, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to all unnotified claims and the same, if any, will be considered as relinquished and waived:—

All that piece or parcel of land together with the messuage tenement and building standing thereon, situate on the North-East side of the Bellasis Road in the City and Registration Sub-District of Bombay and known as Plot No. 15 of the First Nagpada Estate of the Trustees for the Improvement of the City of Bombay and containing by admeasurement an area of eight hundred and ninety one square yards or thereabouts and bearing Collector's New Survey No. 3698 and Cadastral Survey No. 1463 of the Byculla division and bounded on the North East by a service passage on the South-East by plot No. 16 of the said estate, on the South West by the Bellasis Road and on the North West by plot No. 14 of the said estate and assessed by the Bombay Municipality under "E" ward No. 3219 and 3220 to 3223 and Street Nos 36 to 40 and 44 and 48 and 42 Bellasis Road.

Dated this 1st day of February, 1944.

SHASTRI & CO.,
Purchasers' Attorneys.
(7684)

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION
Suit No. 79 of 1944

PALONJI NUSSERWANJI BAMJI ..... Plaintiff
vs.
MINOCHEHER RUSTOMJI DARUWALLA .... Defendant

WHEREAS the Plaintiff has filed a Plaint in this High Court against you the Defendant praying for a Decree against you for Rs. 2,013-6-0 with interest on Rs. 1,170|- at 6% per annum from 18th January, 1944, till Judgment costs of the suit and interest on Judgment at 6% per annum till payment and for further and other reliefs you are hereby summoned to appear in this Court on 29th February, 1944, at 11 O'Clock (S.T.) in person, or by an Advocate (O.S.) duly instructed by an Attorney of this Court and as the day fixed for your appearance is appointed for the final disposal of the suit you must produce all your witnesses on that day, and you are hereby required to take Notice that in default of your appearance on the day before mentioned, the suit will be heard and determined in your absence.

Witness Sir LEONARD STONE, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this 24th day of January 1944.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

K. K. DASTUR,
for Prothonotary & Senior Master,
K. K. DASTUR.

The 24th day of January, 1944.
Messrs. MOHILE & PAREKH,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
(7679)

Under Order 5, Rule 20

NOTICE TO CREDITORS OF APPLICATION FOR DISCHARGE OF AN INSOLVENT.

(Section 41 (1), Act V of 1920)

Insolvency Petition No. 1 of 1942
In the Court of Mr. Adharsinha Bisen, Additional Distt. Judge at Saugor C. P.

1. Gulabchand s|o Amarchand, (2) Munnalal s|o Nanhulal, Jain of Bina, Itawah, Tahsil Khurai, Dist. Saugor, C.P. ..... Applicants
Official Assignee and others ..... Non-applicant

Amount of Debt Rs. 7111-15-3

To

Bhurechand Baisya, Proprietor of the Firm Bhurechand, Asharam, caste Baisya, resident of Bhuteswari, Tekri, Uper, Surat City, tahsil and district Surat.

TAKE NOTICE that the abovenamed insolvent has applied at the Court for his discharge, and that the Court has fixed the 11th day of March, 1944 at 11 o'clock for hearing the application.

Dated this 24th day of January, 1944.

Seal of the Court

ADHARSINHA,
Sub-Judge, 1st Class.
(7655)

AUCTION SALES

BONAFIDE SALE

AUCTION SALE of Complete Modern Dining, Drawing and Bedroom Furniture, Royal Doulton Crockery, Glassware, Carpets, Electric Coffee pots, teapots, toasters, etc. G. E. Radiogram Boys Phillips Bicycle, Lawn Mowers Garden Hose plants, Tents, also 1 super six Opal Motor-Car Cabriolet 23 H.P. 1937 Model No B. M. W. 5639, (Enemy origin goods purchased in India since the war began), Property of Douglas Gordon Esq., on Sunday the 6th February 1944 at 11 A.M. (N.S.T.) at 38 A "Avon Lodge', Palli Hill Bandra. On view from the 3rd inst.

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF 11 BALES GREY CALENDERED LONG CLOTH No. 2938|5, 36x32 Reeds-Picks on SATURDAY, 5th Inst. at 3 P.M. (S.T.) at M. J. Market, near Fire Brigade Gate, by order of Messrs. Ramanlal & Himatlal, Attorneys for The New India Rayon Mills Co., Ltd. and on account and at the risk of M|s. Odhavji Keshavji & Co., defaulting Purchasers.

Terms: 25 p.c. Deposit.

GANDHI & CO.

WAKE UP YOUR LIVER BILE—

Without Calomel—And You'll Jump Out of Bed Full of Vim and Vigour.

Your liver should pour out two pints of liquid bile into your bowels daily. If this bile is not flowing freely, your food doesn't digest. It just decays in the bowels. Gas bloats up your stomach. You get constipated. Your whole system is poisoned and you feel sour, sunk and the world looks punk.

A mere bowel movement doesn't get at the cause. It takes those famous Carter's Little Liver Pills to get these two pints of bile flowing freely and make you feel "up and up". Harmless, gentle, yet amazing in making bile flow freely. Look for the name Carter's Little Liver Pills on the red package. Refuse anything else.

K. B. RELE SONS & CO.,
GIRGAUM . . . . BOMBAY 4

Relieve that
SORE THROAT
in 10 minutes

... and stop a COLD OR 'FLU DEVELOPING this new, easy way

NOW—you can relieve any Sore Throat in 10 minutes or less, and often clear it up completely in a very few hours.

Simply gargle frequently with T.C.P. — the new, safe antiseptic that Doctors are widely advising. T.C.P. acts very quickly. It penetrates right down into the throat membranes and destroys the infecting germs there that cause the soreness and inflammation. Then its swift, soothing and healing action gets to work. Almost while you gargle—you can *feel* the pain and soreness melt away.

But if *your* Sore Throats are generally the first symptoms of a Cold, *drink* a small dose of T.C.P. as well. Taken in this way, T.C.P. acts as an absolutely safe and most effective *internal antiseptic*. It helps to clear the infection right out of the system—checks most Colds overnight.

Prove this in your own case. Most Chemists stock T.C.P. nowadays.

T.C.P
The REALLY SAFE ANTISEPTIC for External and Internal use
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PROPS. OF EMPIRE AUTOMOBILES

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Automobile Accessories and Parts, Tools, Tyres, Oils Etc., Etc.

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Telephone:— 22475
Telegrams:— "AUTOWORKS" Bombay.
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FOR VIGOUR & VIM START TAKING **OONIM**
WORLD'S GREATEST GLAND TONIC! AT ALL CHEMISTS HERING & KENT. P.O. BOX 325-BOMBAY.

A 50% Bonus for Old Age

With an eye to the day when, weary of labours, he will want to seek the peace of retirement, the wise man regularly puts aside money for his old age. It is surprising how much a man of character can save if he sets his mind to it. And as the months pass and the total grows, saving becomes a positive pleasure.

They say that the first Rs. 500 is the hardest to save. After that, the saver has formed a habit which will make him rich.

And here is a way to be *fifty per cent* riche than even your own efforts can make you. Each month, invest your savings in Ten Rupee National Savings Certificates. In 12 years' time, *each National Savings Certificate will be worth a guaranteed Rs. 15* giving you a free 50% bonus on your old age savings.

National Savings Certificates can be encashed at any time after the first three years in case of need. These Certificates are free of Income Tax and each investor can hold up to a maximum of Rs. 5,000/-.

PUT ALL YOUR SAVINGS INTO
National Savings Certificates
FOR PROFIT AND SAFETY.
START TODAY!

National Savings Certificates can be bought at any Post Office which has a Savings Bank.

OPU. 418

Early Morning Freshness.
First thing each day, brush your teeth with DENTOXYL. It leaves your teeth white & clean besides refreshing the mouth. Sold by all chemists.
DENTOXYL
DENTOXYL TOOTH PASTE
THE DENTOXYL CO., SADAR, KARACHI

Govt. Controlled Prices of Rs 1/6/- per Tube. Sold everywhere.

Printed and published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by MICHAEL ANDRADES at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.